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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### Blow To UNO

THE resignation of Mr. Trygve Lie as Secretary-General of the United Nations is, for UNO, a sad decision. Mr. Lie has not specifically indicated why he desires to resign: "personal reasons" are given as one explanation. But it also suggested that he has put himself forward as a sacrifice on the altar of peace; that by removing himself from office in the United Nations he may encourage Russia to give a more positive sign of conciliation in the efforts now being made to find a solution to the Korean problem. Since the outbreak of the Korean conflict Russia has not attempted to hide her dislike for Mr. Trygve Lie in his position as Secretary-General of the United Nations. Russia vetoed Mr. Lie's re-election in 1950, and since then has tried to convince the world that he is nothing but a tool of American "imperialism" and no longer capable of impartially carrying out his duties as Secretary-General of UNO. That there is nothing in Mr. Lie's record of office to offer the slightest foundation for Russia's spiteful allegations is well known and accepted by the thinking world. Unfortunately, also, there is no solid ground for expecting that the personal sacrifice which Mr. Lie is now making will have the desired influence on Russia and her relations with the rest of the United Nations. Mr. Lie has had the distinction of creating the role of Secretary-General of UNO. He was a fortunate choice. He became a voice in United Nations meetings—never a partisan voice, but one which warned against the dangers of a rearmament race, against the insistence that "one system or another must prevail, against the vicious circle of a suspicion, ignorance and fear" created by propaganda. He has worked all along for reconciliation of contrasting viewpoints. Mainly he has conceived the duties of his office as under two heads: first, to keep quarrels from breaking out among delegations to the UN meetings; second, to build up the prestige of the United Nations itself. It will be difficult to find a successor to Mr. Lie and the world generally will hope that he will do as Mr. Eden has pleaded to resign and continue to carry on his valuable and painstaking work.

## Women Terrorists Operating In Kenya

### Breach Of Secrets Act Alleged

London, Nov. 11. Summonses alleging breach of Britain's official Secrets Act have been issued against a London Journalist—James Reid of the Sunday Dispatch—and William Hoggett, a prison officer formerly employed at Wakefield Prison, Yorkshire.

It is understood that the summonses concern information alleged to have been given by Hoggett to the Journalist about Dr. Alan Nunn May, the 40-year-old atomic scientist who is serving a sentence of 10 years imprisonment for handling over atom secrets to a Russian agent in Canada. He is due to be released in December after serving two-thirds of his sentence.

The summonses will be heard at a special sitting of the Wakefield magistrates on November 19. —Reuter.

### Churchill's Answers Dissatisfy

London, Nov. 11. The British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, was asked in the House of Commons today if he had yet made an approach to the President of the United States and Marshal Stalin for three power talks on international problems.

He replied that he had nothing to add to a reply he gave to a similar question on October 21, (when he said he thought the moment might well have been lost when such approaches could have been made).

Mr. Arthur Lewis, who put the question, said that both replies were "complete evasion." Did not the Prime Minister and his party gain many thousands of votes at the last parliamentary elections by making this promise? he asked.

The people of Great Britain, he asserted, believed it was better to have tried and failed than never to have tried at all.

Would the Prime Minister say what had made him change his mind within a few weeks of his taking office?

Mr. Churchill replied briefly: "No."

Mr. Lewis said that in view of the Prime Minister's "deliberate attempt" to evade the question he would raise the matter again another day. —Reuter.

## TWO YOUTHS UNDERGO BRUTAL MAU MAU INITIATION

Nairobi, Nov. 11. Police said today that eight Kikuyu women helped to strip two youths and beat them with the blades of pangas (heavy farm knives) during a Mau Mau ceremony at Kiambu last weekend.

This was the first report of women taking a major role in Mau Mau oath administering.

The police said 30 Mau Mau members, including eight women, had been arrested after two 18-year-old boys reported that they had been forced to take the oath after being ambushed last Sunday night.

The two youths said needles were driven into their thumbs and they were made to suck one another's blood while flat stones were pressed against their naked stomachs by the women.

Part of the ceremony consisted of pushing a stick seven times through a piece of raw meat and reading one oath each time.

One of the oaths was: "If you want to steal do not steal from Africans but steal from Europeans."

Another was: "If you give away the Mau Mau this oath will kill you."

At the end of the ceremony animal blood was smeared on the boys' foreheads, they said.

Karanga Kamau, a Mau Mau "high priest," accused of administering witchcraft oaths, was sentenced at Kiambu today to prison terms totalling 20 years' hard labour.

A complete set of Mau Mau "priests' garments were shown in court. —Reuter.

**138 MORE ARRESTS**

Dar-Es-Salaam, Nov. 11. Police headquarters at Arusha, on the main road north from Tanganyika to Nairobi, said today that 138 arrests had been made in yesterday's raids on Kikuyu settlements.

Of this total, 42 Kikuyus were on the Tanganyika "black list" for handing over to the Kenya police.

A government spokesman said today that the roundup of "Mau Mau" suspects among Kikuyu immigrants from Kenya to Northern Tanganyika had been completed without incident.

The Kikuyus are not native to Tanganyika, but a substantial number of them live in border areas, including about 15,000 around the snow-capped Mount Kilimanjaro.

The police raids yesterday were on seven Kikuyu settlements on Kilimanjaro and Mount Meru, about 40 miles west of Arusha.

**DEPORTATION**

After yesterday's announcement by Sir Edward Twining, Governor of Tanganyika, that some "Mau Mau" suspects would be deported, Kenya police waited today for the first batch to be sent across the border.

All roads from Kenya to Tanganyika have been closed after nightfall, since the Kenya emergency was proclaimed, when there were reports of wanted Kikuyus fleeing across the border.

Police manned road-blocks throughout the day and night. Police in Tanganyika's Northern Frontier Province are installing radio communications and within the next few weeks a complete radio network, linking isolated posts with headquarters, is expected to be completed.

Sir Edward Twining told the Legislative Council at Dar-Es-Salaam yesterday there were signs that the "Mau Mau" had been gaining ground in Tanganyika. —Reuter.

**AFRICAN SHOT**

At Gafuri, also in the Fort Hall reserve, an African was shot in the shoulder; he was trying to resist arrest, it was alleged.

A Kikuyu in the Rift valley was yesterday fined £250 or twelve months' hard labour for being in possession of "Prohibited Publications."

In the Rift valley early today, a shot from a twelve bore gun was fired through the window of a house owned by a European farm manager who is a member of the police reserve. A combined police and military patrol shot and wounded an African who tried to "flee" from a hut during the raid.

Army headquarters in Nairobi announced tonight that patrols

Spotter planes flew over the Aberdare mountains looking for messages from about 30 white hunters and trackers who pushed up the forest-clad slopes yesterday in search of Kikuyu tribesmen who fled their reserves when the emergency was proclaimed three weeks ago.

Other spotter planes circled the area south of Nyeri, where police yesterday rounded up more than 4,000 cattle and thousands of goats in "Operation Cowboy," a punitive operation, which has seriously perturbed the Kikuyus, who measure their wealth by their cattle. The impounding of the cattle continued today.

**KIKUYU PERTURBED**

But there were no reports of tribesmen trying to regain their stock from the hastily erected compounds.

Police and troops today raided a house in the Fort Hall district, about 45 miles north of Nairobi, and arrested twenty Africans allegedly taking part in a "Mau Mau" ceremony.

They found two women, not members of the tribe, who it was asserted, had been slashed about the face and a small girl with her hands tied behind her back.

Near Fort Hall railway station, another eleven Africans were similarly arrested for allegedly taking part in "Mau Mau" ceremonies.

Party loyalists fear that Labour is swinging swiftly towards Mr. Bevan, and the left-wingers claim that the vote is a clear indication that their influence is spreading.

They prophesy the possibility of still hidden support for the Labour rebel when, a week hence, the Socialist MPs elect their Parliamentary Committee—the "shadow cabinet" of front benchers in the caucus.

It was announced last night that Mr. Bevan and his lieutenant, Mr. Harold Wilson, had been nominated for the "shadow cabinet" and four other members of the group are expected to stand.

Many MPs who did not support him yesterday are likely to back him for the shadow cabinet, partly as a means of promoting party unity and partly because in it he will be compelled to follow the official line.

Mr. Bevan himself is likely to be elected. This is expected to be the signal for his supporters to increase their campaigning throughout the country for his policies. These are a reduced arms programme and greater independence. —Reuter.

**Coronation Seats Allocation**

London, Nov. 11. More than 30,000 seats along the Coronation procession will be specially allocated to Commonwealth and Colonial countries, the Minister of Works of Commons today.

Answering questions, the Minister said his department hoped to provide in all about 100,000 seats on stands erected in the Royal Parks and on Crown sites along the procession route. —Reuter.

**UN Typist Becomes Soviet Citizen**

New York, Nov. 11. An attractive blonde, earning \$3,500 a year as a United Nations typist, told a senate committee today that she had given up her American citizenship to become a Soviet citizen.

Miss Olga Michka, 33, said she had been suspended from her job for not notifying her change of citizenship.

She said she was born in America of Russian parents, and had applied for a Soviet passport in 1939. It came through ten years later.

"My mother always wanted to go back to Russia and being close to her I decided to go back too, fully realizing that I would in the process give up my American citizenship," Miss Michka said.

When she received the passport she intended to visit Russia, "but I haven't been there yet," Reuter.

### Cargo Plane Crashes

Paris, Nov. 11. Reports reaching Paris tonight said that the DC-4 cargo plane belonging to a private French company had crashed south of Massakory, near Lake Chad, French equatorial Africa.

Five crew members and one passenger were on board. There was no news of the fate of any but the radio operator who was reported to be in hospital at nearby Fort Lamy.

A rescue column set out from Fort Lamy, which the plane left at 0700 local time today bound for Beirut, Lebanon. —Reuter.

## Avalanche Traps 4 Workers

Told To Wait For Rescuers

Innsbruck, Nov. 11. Four workers trapped in an Alpine hut near here by an avalanche today not to try to dig their way out, but to wait for rescuers.

Police sent the radio message as crashing avalanches were reported from parts of the Austrian and Swiss Alps.

The four workers, trapped near Zamsersloch, had a battery radio set with them. They were told to divide up their food and burn the wooden roof of the hut if their fuel gave out.

Rescuers would try to dig through to them, the police told the four.

A postal bus from Landeck to Nauders, west of Innsbruck, is believed to have been trapped between two avalanches.

Schoenwies, in the Tyrol, was without light or telephone. Many roads in the Tyrol, where three metres of snow has fallen on mountain peaks, have been temporarily blocked.

**FIRST FATALITY**

The first avalanche death of the winter in Switzerland was reported today from Flonay, in the Valais Alps, south-east of Martigny, where a workman was swept away and buried.

Extremely heavy snowfalls in the past 48 hours have paralysed rail and road traffic in many parts of the Grisons, Eastern Switzerland.

The Swiss Federal Avalanche Institute warned that considerable slides of snow could be expected over 5,000 feet, with large avalanches reaching the valleys.

One of the four woodcutters, trapped by snow in their Alpine hut near here today, ploughed his way through an avalanche for five hours to get to the nearest telephone.

He broke through a seven-foot thick wall of snow enclosing the hut at Zamsersloch, near here, braving a serious danger of fresh avalanches, after police had warned the men by radio not to try to dig their way out.

The man told the police that they had enough food for three days and abundant fuel. Then he hung up the phone to return to the hut, but it is not yet known whether he succeeded. —Reuter.

**Charged With Plotting**

Tehran, Nov. 11. Retired Brig. Gen. Hassan Tabatabaie has been arrested for plotting against the country's security, it was announced today.

Tabatabaie was a physician in the Army Medical Corps at the time of his retirement. The nature of his activities "endangering security" were not explained in the police announcement.

The evening paper Ettelaat said it had learned he was a member of a group plotting a coup d'etat against the Mosaddegh government.

An authoritative source, however, disclosed that report had indicated Tabatabaie was considered a security risk because of "indiscretions." —Associated Press.

## GOVT DEFEATS CENSURE MOTION: BUTLER'S SPEECH

London, Nov. 11. The House of Commons tonight rejected by 313 votes to 279—a government majority of 34—a Labour Opposition motion seeking to censure the government for its economic policies.

The motion was an amendment to an address of thanks for the Queen's speech outlining the government's programme for the new session of Parliament.

It regretted that the speech "discloses no positive and effective proposals for the serious economic position of the country."

It cited as evidence the decline in production and exports and growing unemployment and asked the House of Commons to declare "no confidence" in the government.

Adoption of such a motion would have meant the government's downfall.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Richard Butler, said Britain had now established a "base camp" for her climb back to security and prosperity.

The "great improvement" in overseas finances was shown by the fact that Britain had a surplus at the rate of £20 a year in the first half of 1952 compared with a deficit of £400 million in 1951.

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**OTHER POINTS**

Other points Mr. Butler made were: he hoped not to have to restrict imports from Europe any further.

The task of reducing taxation which weighed heavily on enterprise, initiative and thrift remained the prime objective of the government.

Since May unemployment in the textile industry had fallen by no less than 100,000.

The Civil Service had been reduced by 14,700 this year and was now smaller than at any time in the last ten years.

After referring to the increasing cost of the social services, Mr. Butler said first priority must be given to the task of earning a living as a nation.

Mr. Butler said the check to production, about which the Opposition had expressed fears, began over a year ago before the government took office.

Britain's experience in this had been shared by many other countries, including the United States. —Reuter.

**600 Koreans Riot In Camp**

Tokyo, Nov. 12. Six hundred Koreans in a concentration camp near Nagasaki rioted yesterday, injuring five Japanese policemen, the Metropolitan Police said here today.

The Koreans are awaiting deportation to South Korea.

Police said they used fire hoses and tear-gas to quell the disturbances.

The number of casualties among the rioters was not known. —Reuter.



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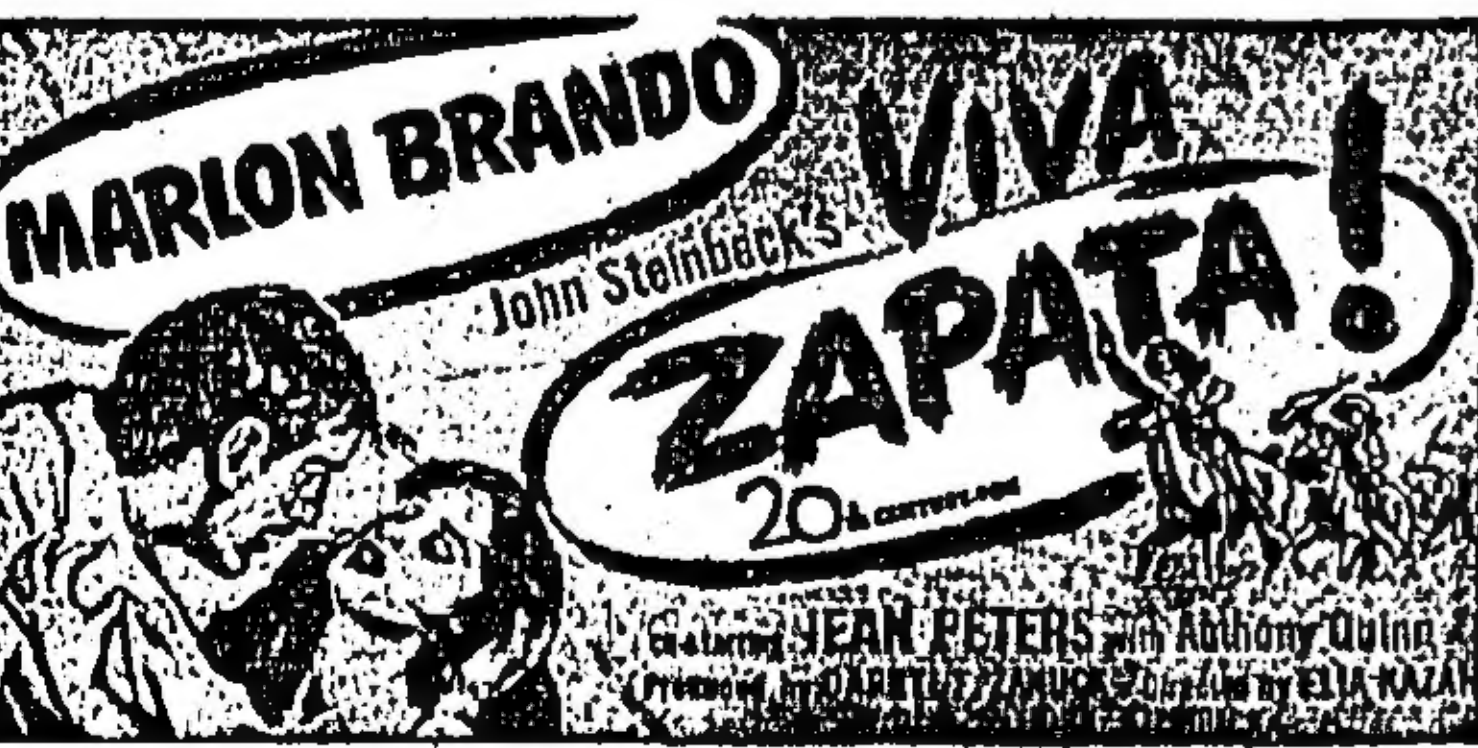
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## Successor To Lie Sought

London, Nov. 11.

Political commentators and officials in the world's capitals are speculating how to fill the place of Mr. Trygve Lie, who has announced his decision to resign as Secretary-General of the United Nations.

The Reuters correspondent in Geneva says that the name of Mr. Gunnar Myrdal, Swedish Executive Secretary of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, has been mentioned.

Mr. Myrdal would probably meet with the approval of the Russians.

Reports that Sweden's Ambassador in Washington, Mr. Eric Bohman, would succeed Mr. Lie were discredited in Stockholm.

The Paris Conservative evening newspaper, Le Monde, wrote today: "It remains to be seen whether it is possible today to find a man who is really above international rivalries and whom Moscow and Washington agree to consider an impartial arbiter."

"As long as the United Nations continue to exist it is not inadmissible to hope that a day will come when men will at last recognise the necessity of an international organisation which shall be really supranational."

A Government official in West Berlin said: "We can only hope that a successor will be found who can handle the difficult problems ahead, especially the war in Korea."

East Germany's official news agency, ADN, reported Mr. Trygve Lie's resignation in three lines, quoting Western news agencies, but only one German newspaper published the ADN report today.—Reuters.

Buenos Aires, Nov. 11.

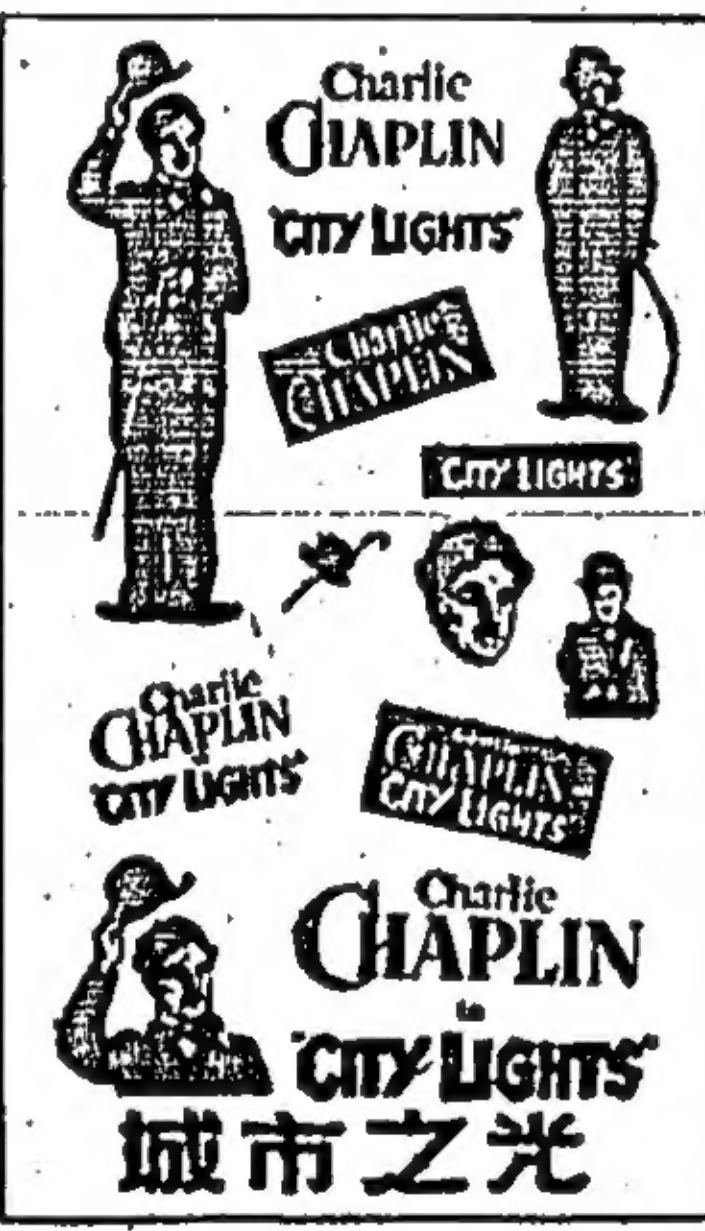
Argentina today took a census of all arable and pastoral farming resources.

The last such census was in 1947.

The new census is preliminary to a five-year plan, expected to be presented shortly by President Peron to an extraordinary session of Congress.—Reuters.



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AT THE  
**CAPITOL AND LIBERTY**

## FRENCH PREPARING FOR REBEL COUNTER-ATTACK IN RED RIVER DELTA

Hanoi, Nov. 11.

French Union forces, advancing up the Red River delta into Vietminh-occupied territory, paused to consolidate their positions today as the French High Command predicted that rebel counter-attacks were imminent.

French-Vietnamese troops occupying Phu Doan, advance post a few miles north of the recently captured town of Phu To, 55 miles north-east of Hanoi, patrolled the surrounding area within a radius of six miles but failed to make contact with the Reds.

In less than a week the French forces have forged their way 35 miles into Vietminh territory, and reports reaching here indicated important elements of Communist-led Vietminh rebels were massed in the mountains above the Black River ready to march east to meet the French thrust.

The French are reorganising their supply lines and brought up reinforcements and equipment across the Clear River, one of three waterways driving north being used by the French in their attack.

The first trucks crossed the river today on pontoon bridges.

Meanwhile Red arms depots were discovered in great numbers scattered throughout the area taken over by the French.

One very large depot captured on Monday three miles from Phu Doan contained several hundred tons of arms and munitions including mortars, machine guns, field guns and a large supply of ammunition, French headquarters said.

**AIR FORCE ACTIVE**

The rebels had laid large minefields along Colonial Route No. 2 leading up the Clear River valley to the northern border and French repair workers were kept busy clearing a path for the French advance.

Twenty-six fighter-bombers, taking advantage of perfect weather, blasted a petrol dump between Phu To and Yen Bay on the Red River.

The Air Force also cut the Tuyen Quang-Yen Bay road as well as destroying a munition depot near Hong, in Thailand.

The Vietminh offensive in the southern delta, southeast of Hanoi, gained strength as increased patrol action by rebels was reported from the whole area.

**PATROL AMBUSHED**

Near Ninh Nang, 20 miles southeast of Hanoi, a Vietnamese and North African patrol fell into a Communist ambush losing 13 killed, 20 wounded and an unexplained number in missing.

In another day battle 21 rebels were killed when the Vietminh attacked a Vietnamese patrol. Communist activity remained intense in the area around Moc Chau and Baloy.

But in the Quinh Nhai region the French and Vietnamese troops had complete control of the situation.—United Press.

## "Too Lazy To Live"

Manila, Nov. 11.

A report from Bacolod City, in Negros Occidental Province, said that a woman resident of that city, Mrs. Leonila Andrada de Neut, 28, committed suicide today, saying "I am now too lazy to eat to make a living."

Before she swallowed poison and hanged herself she sent out her four children and closed the doors and windows of her residence.—Reuters.

## French Proposals Rejected

Accusations By The Boy Of Tunis

Carthage, Nov. 11.

The Boy of Tunis declared in a document published today that French proposals for Tunisian reforms took no account of Tunisian sovereignty.

Chances of their success had been spoiled in advance by French action last March in ousting the Nationalist Government of Premier Mohammed Chenik, interned the Ministers and declaring a state of siege, he said.

The proposals were then made in a take-it-or-leave-it form which precluded any initiative by the Tunisians themselves.

He made these accusations in a letter to the French President, M. Vincent Auriol, in which he rejected the suggested reforms on September 9.

With the letter went a report from local advisers he consulted, which declared the proposals were an attack on Tunisian sovereignty; maintained direct administration by the French and represented no progress in the direction of Democracy.

The main points of the French reform plan were the election of an All-Tunisian Consultative Assembly and of Municipal Councils throughout the protectorate. France maintained control of Tunisian foreign policy and defence.—Reuters.

**ALGERIAN COMPLAINT**

London, Nov. 11.

The London office of the Congress of Peoples Against Imperialism has received a communication from the "Movement for the Triumph of Liberty and Democracy" in Algeria, complaining that the police had created an atmosphere of insecurity in the North African French territory.

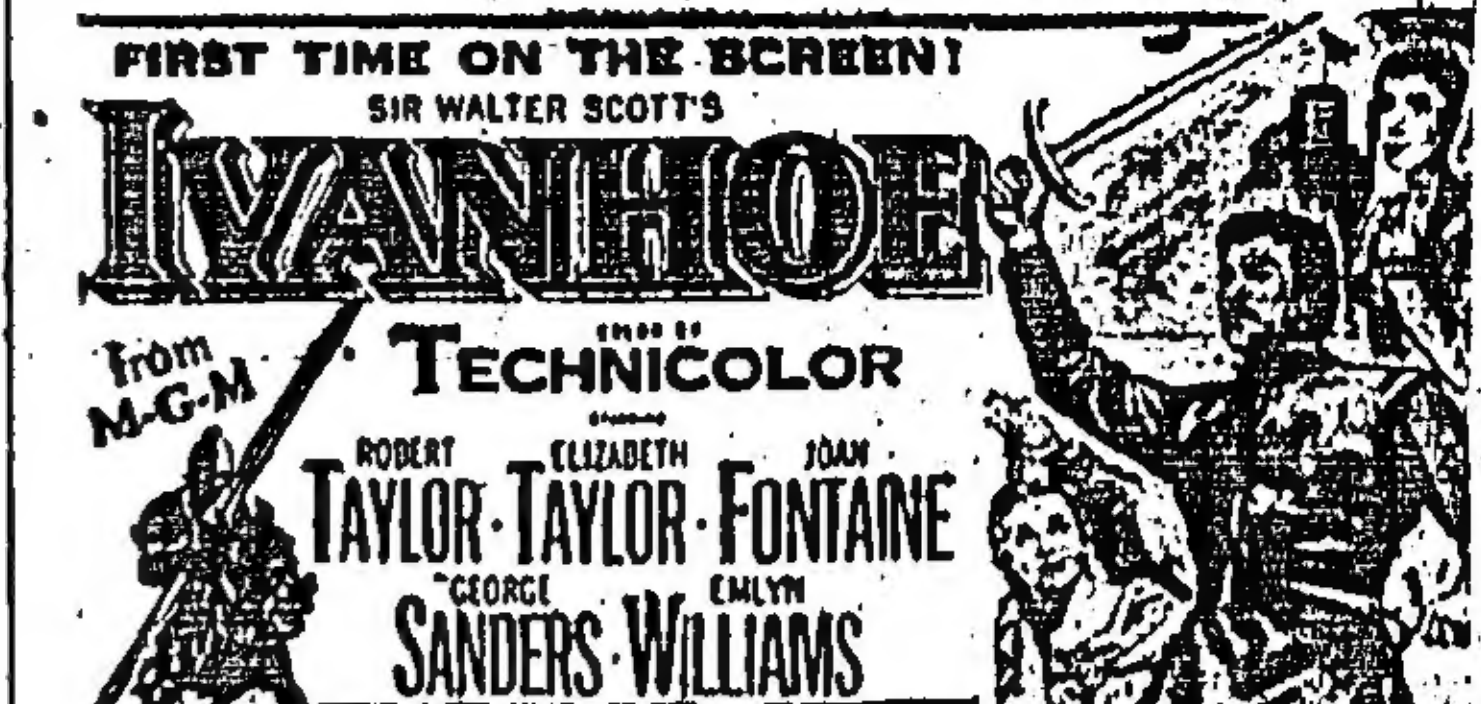
A number of members of the movement have been arrested for demanding the return to Algeria of the national leader, Messali Hadj, the communication said.

It added: "We draw the attention of the world to the actions of the police which are negation of elementary human rights and endanger peace. The Algerian people, united under the banner of the national liberation movement, shall by their action and vigilance repel attacks on their liberty."

The communication indicated that a request of the Secretary-General of the movement, Hocine Lahouel, for a passport to leave the country had been rejected and commented: "The Algerian administration is constantly concerned to isolate our people from the rest of the world. It accuses us before other nations of the world but does not give us an opportunity to tell the truth."—Reuters.

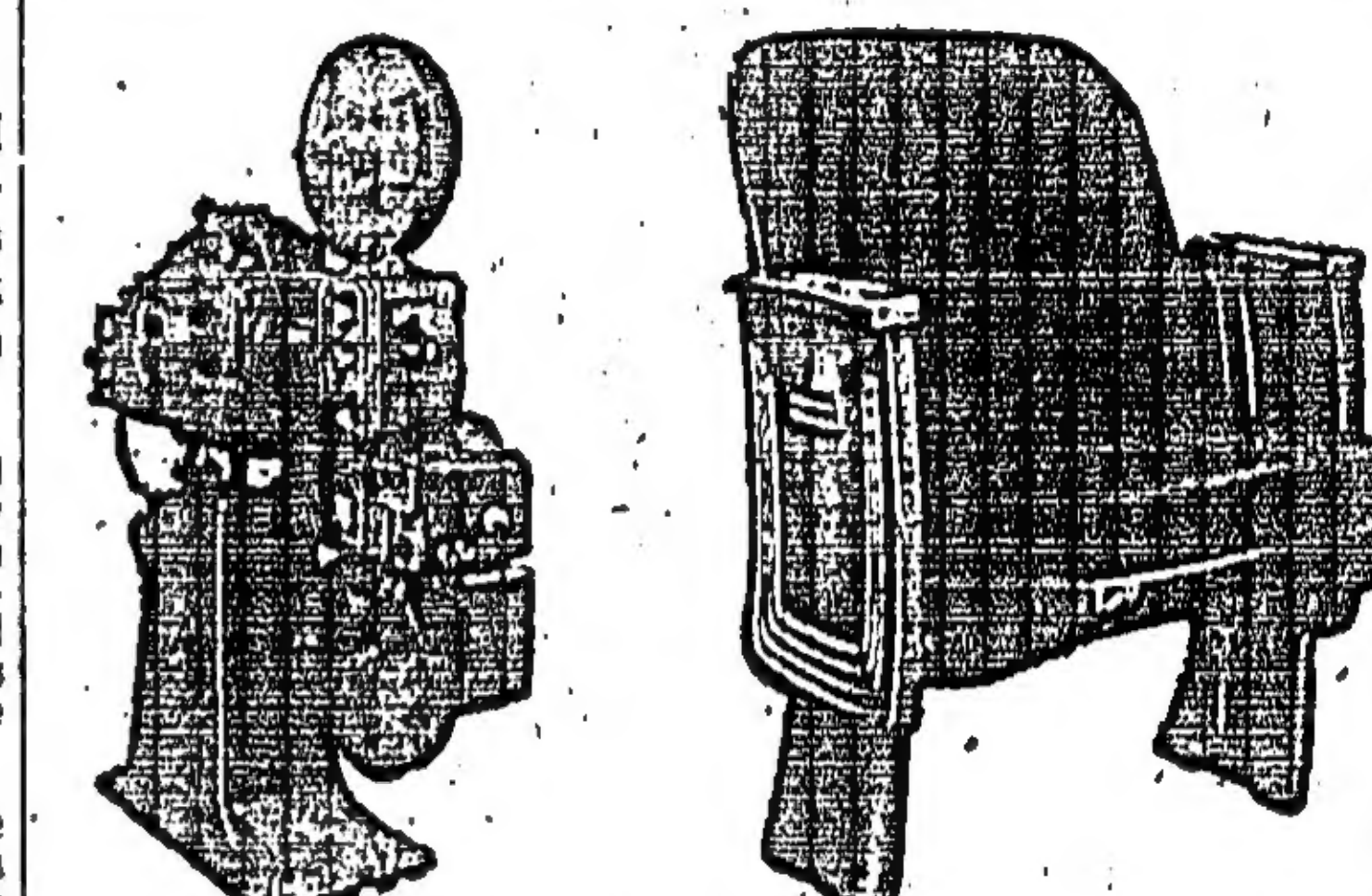
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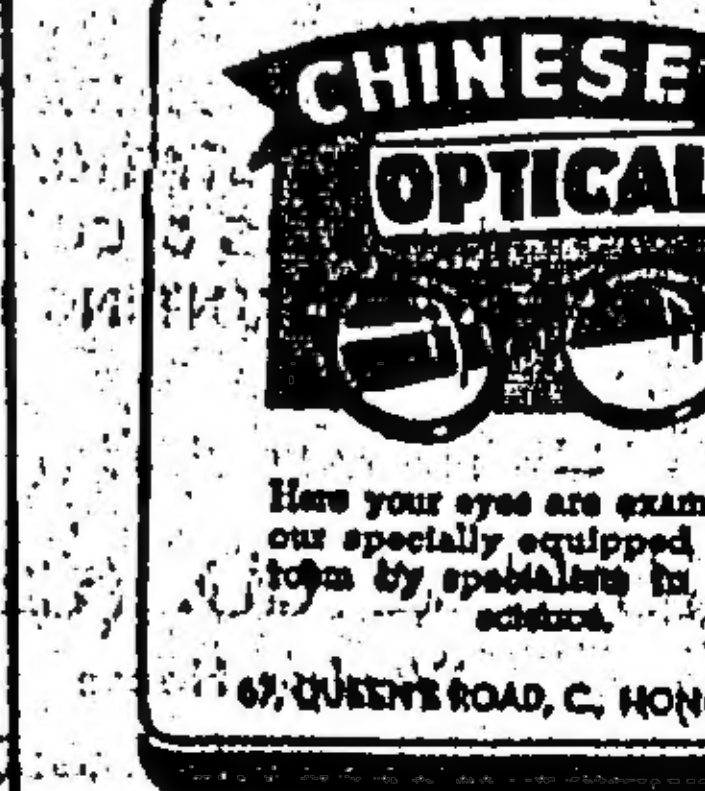
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## Debate On World Situation

### Delegate Warns Of Dangerous Trend

United Nations, Nov. 11. The Indonesian Foreign Minister, Mr. Mukarto Noto-widigdo, expressed the hope today that real progress would be made in the present United Nations General Assembly session towards a solution of the questions of disarmament and Korea.

He was addressing the Assembly during the general debate. "Korea proves how difficult the road back to conciliation and peace can be," he said, "but we intend to do our utmost to bring about the rehabilitation and unification of Korea."

Indonesia is one of the group of nations which has brought the Tunisian and Moroccan issues to the General Assembly, and Mr. Noto-widigdo said: "We firmly intend to assert these questions. We do not believe that the Tunisian and Moroccan peoples' demands for independence can be dismissed on the grounds of expediency. We intend to support the request for a concrete hearing."

Mr. James Barrington, Burma, said a contributory factor to world tension was the failure of certain Powers to appreciate that some of the peoples over whom they continue to exercise domination had now reached a stage of development which it is their duty to govern themselves, and generally to be given a greater share in the government of their countries.

The statement made yesterday in the plenary session of the United Nations by Mr. Schuman, the French Foreign Minister, "seemed to me to reflect exactly such lack of appreciation. Our general view is that good government is no substitute for self-government," Mr. Barrington added.

He said that the gap between the developed and undeveloped countries of the world was widening. This was dangerous, and unless the world as a whole took steps to meet the challenge "it seems that we will be heading for disaster."

The meeting adjourned until 3.30 p.m. GMT Wednesday.—Reuter.

## PARCELS FOR KOREA

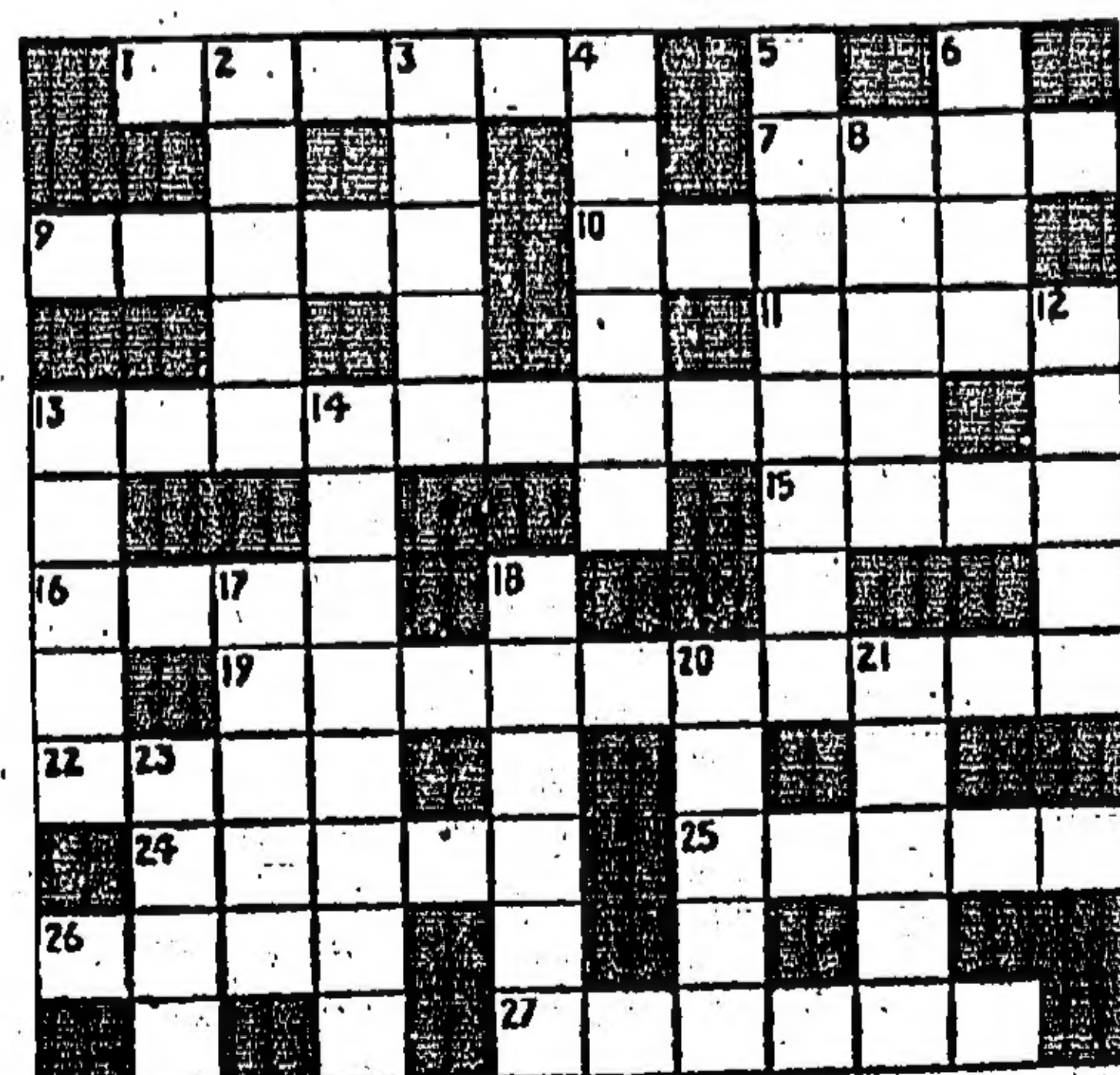
London, Nov. 11.

The War Secretary, Mr. Anthony Head, gave an assurance in the House of Commons today that parcels being sent by sea to the British forces in Korea were sent by the fastest shipping available.

He was replying to Mr. J. Junner, Labour Member for Leicester, who had asked about a parcel sent by a Mrs. Cressy at Leicester on August 20 which up to October 12 had not reached her son, and about four other parcels also not delivered.

Mr. Head said he was informed that the parcel would, in normal course, reach Japan on October 18 and be delivered shortly afterwards. Other parcels also should have been delivered by now.—Reuter.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS  
1 Hesitated (6).  
7 Flower (4).  
9 Mistake (5).  
10 Tooth (5).  
11 Assert (4).  
13 Intentional (10).  
15 Thought (4).  
16 Reptile (4).  
18 Military draft (10).  
22 Pull along (4).  
24 Purloin (5).  
26 Hither (5).  
28 Denounce (4).  
29 Weaken (5).

DOWN  
2 Month (5).  
3 Brush clean (5).  
4 Modest (5).  
5 Swelling (5).  
6 Mud (4).  
8 Talked wildly (5).  
12 Cook (3).  
13 Tremor (5).  
14 Larynx (5).  
17 Sharp (5).  
19 Unemotional (6).  
20 Unusual (5).  
21 Proclamation (5).  
23 Continent (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Decide, 4 Bevel, 7 Single, 8 Petty, 10 Onus, 12 Agitate, 15 Stair, 16 Icon, 17 Ever, 18 Medico, 20 Resides, 21 Near, 23 Agree, 24 Tauton, 25 Wrath, 26 Modesty, Down: 1 Discover, 2 Confused, 3 Dale, 5 Exertion, 6 Estate, 8 Gages, 11 Strident, 13 Aimed, 19 Accepted, 14 Estrange, 16 Yerge, 22 Mire.

## Political Committee Decision On Racial Issue

### COMMISSION TO ARRANGE TALKS WITH S. AFRICA

United Nations, Nov. 11. The Special Political Committee of the General Assembly today adopted a draft resolution establishing a three-member United Nations Good Offices Commission to arrange and assist in negotiations between South Africa and India and Pakistan over the problem of the treatment of persons of Indian origin in South Africa.

Voting was 42 to one against with 13 abstentions.

The question of the treatment of people of Indian origin in the Union has been before the United Nations since 1946.

It concerns the future of 300,000 Asians now in South Africa. For the past six years India and Pakistan have been claiming full political, economic and social rights for these people and have sought the help of the United Nations to bring this about.

The South African Government has maintained that this question is a domestic one, outside the jurisdiction of the United Nations, and has offered to negotiate directly with the Governments of Pakistan and India with a view to securing a settlement.

The Special Political Committee met today to vote on a draft resolution submitted by the Arab-Asian group, of whom India and Pakistan are members.

On a roll call the committee, by 30 to 12 against, with 16

abstentions, adopted the clause calling on South Africa to suspend the implementation or enforcement of the provisions of the Group Areas Act pending conclusion of the negotiations.

The full resolution was adopted on a roll call by 41 to one against 16 abstentions.

### BARE ESSENTIALS

The draft resolution was sponsored by India, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Burma, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, Liberia, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Syria and Yemen.

Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, leader of the Indian delegation, asked the committee to adopt the draft resolution so that yet "another attempt may be made under the auspices of the United Nations to initiate negotiations with the South African Government with a view to a settlement of this vexed problem."

She said the vote on the resolution was postponed last Friday to give the sponsoring delegations time to consider the suggestions made during the debate.

"The sponsors have given the most careful thought to the suggestions, but they feel that the draft resolution contains more than the bare essentials, and is hardly capable of being trimmed any further," Mrs. Pandit said.

Among the suggestions that had been made, she said, was deletion from the resolution of the references to the Group Areas Act.—Reuter.

## Visit To War Criminals

Tokyo, Nov. 11.

Dr. Radha Bhand, Pal, Indian delegate to the Hiroshima Asian Congress for world federation, today visited Sugamo Prison in Tokyo. He met several war criminals serving terms at the prison.

Delegates to the Congress met in Tokyo today and reaffirmed the proceedings of the Hiroshima meeting.

Lord Boyd Orr said at today's session: "After touring through Japan, I feel that the peace movement is expanding here."

"I am sure our movement will be strengthened in Japan," Dr. Pal left Tokyo by air tonight for India.—Reuter.

## "Old, Quiet Faithful Friendship"

### Anglo-Portuguese Association

London, Nov. 11.

The Minister of Works, Mr. David Eccles, speaking at the annual dinner of the Anglo-Portuguese Society in London tonight, said that the most satisfying answer to the question "Why are we such old, quiet, faithful friends?" came from Dr. Salazar, the Portuguese Premier.

At a meeting Mr. Eccles had with him during the war, Dr. Salazar argued that Britain's chances of avoiding defeat were very slender. Mr. Eccles reminded him that many times in the past the arithmetic had been against Britain but she had won in the end.

Mr. Eccles added: "I put it to him that Portugal also held a place in history far beyond the strict calculations of her numbers and her material resources."

"Dr. Salazar seized on the parallel between the power of Portugal and that of England to survive through the storms of centuries. Our common characteristic, which is not shared by a Continental country like Germany, is that we are both guided by a sense of the world as a whole," he said.

Mr. Eccles added: "We learned that wisdom from the sea, where our rivalry was always friendly. How much is that tolerant wisdom needed today. Every man and woman now alive is threatened by the greatest Continental country in history, the Soviet Union, whose patent aim is to dominate and coerce all nations, large and small, within a Communist empire."

"What will stop the Russian imperialism—arms? Yes, of course we must have arms, but we need also this lesson in civilisation which Dr. Salazar declared the common strength of his country and ours."—Reuter.

### Just Arrived From

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Gloucester Arcade

## World's Food Shortage: United Nations Warning

Rome, Nov. 11. Though the world has made slight headway in agricultural output this year its need for more food has not yet begun to be met, warns the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation.

The Organisation disclosed its findings in the 1952 edition of "The State of Food and Agriculture." It said that there had been an agricultural production increase this year of about two per cent compared with last year, but the increase had been in commodities other than food.

The report found that in the least developed and most heavily populated areas the average single consumption was still substantially below pre-war averages.

The report suggested that bigger investments of public and private funds in agriculture and international agreements were needed to satisfy the growing demands of mankind and to increase the food economy.—Reuter.

## Ex-British Miner May Lead U.S. Union Federation

Washington, Nov. 11.

A former British miner, Mr. Allan S. Haywood, is regarded as slightly ahead in the race among labour leaders to succeed Mr. Philip Murray as President of the United States' second biggest trade union federation, the Congress of Industrial Organisations.

Mr. Murray's sudden death on Sunday has precipitated a struggle for power over the succession between supporters of the many colourful labour leaders who have built up this trade union federation into a powerful political as well as industrial group claiming almost 6,000,000 members.

A balance of power has not yet been achieved between the various powerful unions in the C.I.O.

The danger now is that bitter differences could result in member unions breaking away from the C.I.O. and joining rival organisations such as the 8,000,000-member American Federation of Labour, or the independent organisation headed by Mr. John L. Lewis, the President of the United Mine Workers Federation.

Labour experts said today that while the C.I.O. was

## Urgent Appeal From Naguib

Bonn, Nov. 11.

The West German Industry and Trade Chamber here advised the Federal Government today that it had received an urgent appeal from Egyptian Premier Naguib to do its utmost to prevent ratification of the German-Israeli compensation agreement.

The appeal arrived here by telegram from the German Egyptian Chamber of Commerce in Cairo, which had received the appeal from General Naguib with a request to pass it on.

The Premier said German industrial and trade leaders must protest in Bonn to avoid catastrophic effects.

The German-Egyptian Chamber commented that the Premier's "extraordinary step" showed the "seriousness of the situation."—Reuter.

## BRITISH BAN ON RED ARMY MEN IN RHINELAND

(From DENIS MARTIN)

Bonn, Nov. 12.

Britain has taken action against the six-man Red Army military mission which since the war has been operating in the British Zone of Germany.

From now on no Red Army officer may cross the Rhine in a westerly direction in any part of the British Zone.

The German police throughout the lower Rhineland and the Ruhr are under instructions to see that this order is enforced.

The new British ban was transmitted at the beginning of this month to the villa in the Westphalian spa of Bad Salzuflen where the Russians work.

British Army and R.A.F. patrols were at once posted on all bridges crossing the Rhine. Their orders were to inform any Red Army officer of the new instruction and to escort him back to the eastern bank.

Last Friday the British patrols were withdrawn, and orders prepared for the German police went into force.

The area now cut off from Red Army men includes large tracts of land now being developed as the new headquarters of Britain's Army on the Rhine and as modern jet airfields.

### NORMAL RETALIATION

It is believed the order follows Russian restrictions on movements in the Soviet Zone by the British military mission stationed at Potsdam. This mission has worked for years under great difficulties and there is evidence that the Red Army chief, General Chuikov, increasingly dislikes its activities.

The British ban appears in fact to be a normal retaliation on much the same lines as the restrictions recently placed on journeys in Britain by members of the Soviet Embassy in London.

There is no indication tonight that the Americans propose to institute a similar ban in the Southern Rhineland. But the Russians have recently been complaining about the activities of the U.S. military mission in Potsdam.

The Americans, however, are known to be anxious about the security of their large-scale military developments. In the U.S. Zone, even more than in the British Zone, large-scale construction of airfields, depots, radar networks and military roads has been in progress for some time.

This zone is, in fact, the eastern end of the huge U.S. military supply line from Bordeaux and other French ports.—London Express Service.

## Air Force Record In Korea War

Tokyo, Nov. 11.

A South African Mustang made an emergency landing at a United States Air Force base in Korea yesterday and completed the 50,000th sortie of the United States 18th Fighter Bomber Wing, the Far East Air Force said today.

The Mustang pilot, Lieutenant Bryan M. Forsyth of White River, Eastern Transvaal, was returning from a dive-bombing mission when his engine began to give trouble.

As he came in to land, he saw a crowd waiting at the airport. "I thought they were out there because of my engine trouble," he said.

But the group, which included the Wing's commander, Colonel Sheldon S. Brinson, was waiting to congratulate him at the setting of the new record for propeller-driven fighter-bombers.

Lieutenant Forsyth arrived in Korea less than a month ago from a South African training school, the Air Force said. This was his third mission over Communist territory.—Reuter.

Montpellier, Nov. 11. The household of Ex-Queen Elena, wife of the late King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, denied rumours that the 70-year-old Queen had died.

"The Queen has been critically ill for some time but the rumours are totally untrue," a secretary told Reuter.

The Queen, who has been living in Montpellier for several years, is being treated by Professor Francisco Lathuere of the local university.—Reuter.



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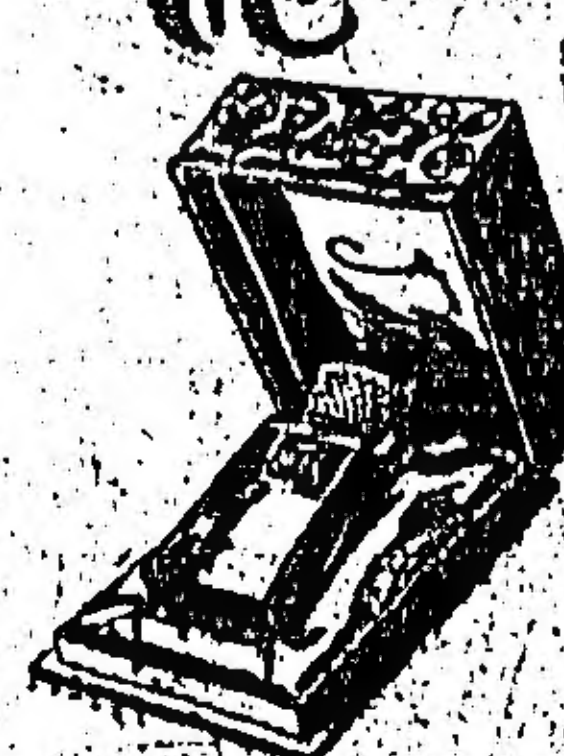
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## THE HEIRESS

A Vanderbilt who became Duchess of Marlborough  
speaks her mind about life in a Stately Home

By JOHN THOMPSON

THERE were three reasons why the beautiful Consuelo Vanderbilt married the ninth Duke of Marlborough, and she is perfectly frank about them. Her father was a millionaire; her mother had irresistible social ambitions; and the Duke needed money to live in the style to which he was accustomed.

The Duke made his proposal in the Gothic Room of the Vanderbilts' ornate Marble House in New York. The sombre atmosphere there, Consuelo recollected, was propitious to sacrifice. When her brother was told, he observed, "He is only marrying you for your money." Consuelo wept.

She was 18. The marriage, lasted 11 years. She is now 75, contentedly remarried to a Frenchman and living in the United States again; and at last she has written the story of her strange excursion among the English aristocracy. It has just been published in America. ("The Gilt and the Gold," Harper, New York.)

## Born Dictator

Consuelo's mother, Mrs. W.K. Vanderbilt, was "a born dictator." Amid all the Vanderbilt splendour of yachts and palatial homes she kept her family at heel by a reform-school discipline.

When Consuelo misbehaved, Mama went for her with a riding-whip. During lessons she had to wear a steel rod strapped to her back to encourage good posture. After one misdeed she defended herself: "I thought I was doing right!"—but Mama clarified the position for her at once. "I don't ask you to think; I do the thinking, you do as you are told."

She tried to oppose the arranged marriage with Marlborough, but it was no good. Mama stormed, threatened to shoot the man she wished to marry, and had a timely heart attack.

The wedding was fixed for November 5, 1895. Mrs. Vanderbilt had ordered the wedding dress some months earlier, without mentioning it to her daughter. Then the Duke raised a difficulty about the date. It would not be suitable for him to marry, he explained, on the anniversary of an attempt to blow up the House of Lords. November 6, however, was declared free from dangerous associations.

## 'Perfect Love'

The wedding was a lavish international event. "The usual hymns glorifying perfect love were sung," records Consuelo, "and when I glanced at my husband, shyly I saw that his eyes were fixed in space. An American paper reported (inaccurately) that her father had gold clasps, studded with diamonds.

Luckily Consuelo had a sense of comedy. On their train journey afterwards she appreciated her "first lesson in class consciousness." The Duke (six years her senior) spent the time reading congratulatory telegrams, handing them to her with gestures of deference or indifference according to the social status of the sender. She thought it regrettable there was no silver platter when Queen Victoria's message was presented.

When they arrived in London the Dowager Duchess, Marlborough's grandmother, seemed as accustomed to command as her own mother. "Your first duty," she greeted the new Duchess, flourishing her ear trumpet, "is to have a child; and it must be a son, because it would be intolerable to have that little upstart Winston to become Duke."

## Cousin Winston

In spite of this, Consuelo found she liked her husband's lively cousin Winston Churchill, but there was much that she did not like. Life in a Stately Home, she found, could be a bore.

She dreaded dinner alone at Blenheim Palace with the Duke. Often neither of them spoke a word. The meal was served with full ceremony, then the servants withdrew. Marlborough pushed back his chair and for a quarter of an hour sat in meditative silence, twirling the ring on his little finger. Then he began to eat—very slowly—sometimes breaking the silence to complain that the food was cold. In desperation Consuelo took to knitting. The butler read detective stories in the hall.

But Consuelo did her duty by Society. She bore her Duke two sons (one of whom is the present Duke). Then after 11 years of marriage "life together had not brought us any closer." There was a deed of separation, followed (in 1920) by a divorce.

Until her remarriage in 1921, Consuelo set up house in Mayfair and led a life of good works, social reform, and service on the London County Council as a Progressive. She does not record what the Duke, a High Tory, made of this.

For some years the top designers of the French capital have been worried by the amount of inside information which has been passing into unauthorised hands. With reason: their ideas are the uranium of the salons.

This is the sort of thing that happens all the time. One of Britain's top fashion writers, in Paris for the

THE strategists and the expert interpreters and the political prophets are busy everywhere in sifting the enormous quantity of words spoken in Moscow at the first Communist Party Congress of the Soviet Union to be held since 1939. Leaving them to their calculations of what is likely to happen, is it not time that ordinary people asked themselves what it is all about?

What will the schoolboy of the future make of it when he comes to the chapter in his history book called "The Struggle between Communism and Democracy?" Will he know

## By Francis Watson

what either of them meant, and do we know ourselves? Will he be able to imagine what it felt like to be on one side or the other, or what it felt like to try staunchly to be neutral and detached? Will he see it as one more rivalry for naked power among so many, or as a deep conflict of ideas, or merely as a painful but necessary stage in human evolution?

To assume that such a student will have a choice of views, and the facts before him for making the choice, is of course to assume that Communism will not inherit the earth. Many people do assume this—instinctively, even while they argue about it.

The freedom to argue, to judge between the two entrenched opponents, the freedom to condemn them both, the freedom to look hopefully for a "third force"—are none of them, in fact, guaranteed by anything, except by the measures that we take to preserve them. And that reflection is probably the first step towards understanding, through all the jargon of political debate, just what the issue is in our own generation.

## TWO WAYS

If we say that that issue is a matter of conflict between two ways of looking at things, we must at once answer the question why the world should not have room for two, and infinitely more than two, political and sociological attitudes.

## Cheese? Soap!

A few others showed restiveness, too. Lady de Grey eased the tension by having trays of china dropped during her dinners. Lady Blandford once resorted to serving soap instead of cheese, and "poor Mr Hope," too polite to spit it out, was sick.

These were only token rebellions. But before Consuelo turned away from this world she detected signs that it would not last. A guest "borrowed" a shawl at the Duchess of Buccleuch's ball and did not return it: "a symptom of the downward glide of modes and manners."

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summer shows, was shopping for a hat three days before their opening.

"This is a Dior model," said the girl in one hatshop. "I wasn't wanting one of last season's creations," replied the writer. "It isn't," said the girl with a guess-what-giggie. "It's this year's."

Before the war, the "fancy-price" clients of the leading salons usually bought three or four models after each show, paying anything up to £200 for each.

Today, with so much flattery going on, and copyists producing similar models at a cut-rate, it has become the practice for these same women to buy only one model from the top salons, and to get the rest of their wardrobe from under the counter.

## Serious Need For Fresh Thinking In A World Divided

By Francis Watson

Communism appears to answer that question from time to time with official hints that "co-existence" is possible, that we can all agree to differ without a clash. If this does not entirely convince the reason, it certainly appeals to the desires of peaceful people.

But the idea of "co-existence" can only be fitted into the pattern of Marxist theory as a temporary expedient. To the pure Communist, "Communism" has not yet been fully attained, even in the Soviet Union. The historical "law" by which other systems are to collapse has not yet worked itself out. A doctrine of "co-existence," thus only a convenient means of assisting that expected collapse in preparation for the "inevitable" triumph of Communism.

We may believe that these dogmas of historical necessity are wrong in theory and have already been proved untrue in practice since the death of Karl Marx. But we have to recognize that millions of people, organised for any action decided upon by their leaders, have been given nothing else to believe.

## BARBAROUS

THE parliamentary democrat, the anti-Communist, or whatever you may call him, has his own way of answering this question about the co-existence of different systems. To most civilised people, in the years before 1939, the Nazi and Fascist systems were repugnant. But because the world is organised into nation-states, and because some degree of national sovereignty is thought to be essential for international peace, there was a tendency to ignore the enormities of conduct of Hitler, and Mussolini so long as they stayed within their own frontiers.

In the same way we in the West, in the first relief of peace after World War II, could endeavour to shrug our shoulders at the barbarous apparatus of Soviet State control so long as its operations were purely domestic. Events have twice shown us that this attitude which may be unethical, is liable to be dangerous as well.

Hitler was wont to assure the world that "this is positively my last demand." Mussolini declared soothingly that "Fascism is not for export." At the Moscow Congress Malenkov now goes on record that the "export of revolution is rubbish."

## CONFLICT

WHATEVER such words meant then, or mean now, Communism is obviously better supplied than the defeated dictatorships with supporters and Party members in the free countries of the world.

The likelihood of war, Stalin has recently written, is of war between the non-Communist countries of the West. Are not those countries entitled to ask whether the next Communist

"peace campaign" will strive to avert such a danger or to aggravate it?

It is not a mere theoretical conflict of ideas which has raised up enemies of Communism all over the world. It is the threat of force from outside, or engineered revolution from within. Probably it is that threat as much as anything which led the Japanese in their first postwar elections as a free nation to reject so decisively every Communist candidate that was put forward.

It is deplorable that this threat should also lead in some times and places, to something like hysteria, in which "Communism" becomes a good enough stick with which to beat any dog that barks.

## MAIN POINT

FOR what is needed today above everything else is honest and sober calculation and an end to panic and confusion. The essential fact of Communism must sooner or later be looked in the face.

The essential fact, it seems to me, is that Communism today is a technique of power. It could be argued that power, even overwhelmingly centralised power, can be used for good ends; but it is too late to think about it after power has been surrendered out of the hands of an electorate.

No parliamentary system is perfect, but all of them have at least the power to improve upon the present as the present has improved upon the past. In Britain it is believed that a two—or three-party system, for all its defects, is better than a one-party system—especially when, as in the Communist State, the single party is a minority party.

But again—better for what? Soviet Russia has been engaged, in building a continental empire and creating industrial power. Absolutism of an extent unknown to previous dictatorships has been the means to this end.

## THE KNOCK

If we admire the establishment of industrial colonies in the Soviet Arctic, we must make up our minds about the slave labour of men and women under appalling conditions that has achieved it. If new dams and canals are the hall-marks of progress, we can see them built in America, India, in Scotland, or the Sudan.

In many countries reform of land tenure is an urgent problem. Can it not be solved without starving several million peasants to death and deporting whole communities—measures which the Communists admit to have been "necessary" in Russia because of the reluctance of agriculturalists to become tenants of a State made by town workers?

It is the separate problems—big as they are—that have to be tackled with the knowledge and energy of free men. Talk of democracy can sometimes be as empty and meaningless as Communists' talk of "the people." But so long as we know that a knock on the door in the early morning is the postman and not the secret police, so long do we know also that there is something worth defending in a world that is far short of perfection.



## Fashion Pirates Carry Plunder In Their Heads

London.

CUTLASSES and flintlocks to one side, the weapons of the modern pirate are now a pencil, a piece of paper and a very, very long memory.

What else these buccannery of the boulevards have up their voluminous sleeves may be revealed in the haute couture trial which has opened in Paris, as a group of alleged fashion thieves face the judge.

For some years the top designers of the French capital have been worried by the amount of inside information which has been passing into unauthorised hands. With reason: their ideas are the uranium of the salons.

## By SIMON GRIFFIN

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Today, with so much flattery going on, and copyists producing similar models at a cut-rate, it has become the practice for these same women to buy only one model from the top salons, and to get the rest of their wardrobe from under the counter.

Now designers are resigned to the fact that no security system which they might invent can stop every leakage and counter the work of these felons of fashion.

The plagiarists use a dozen different approaches. Most midnights are not well paid, and a few thousand francs in the right palm often unlock the cupboard door.

Sometimes the moves are not so obvious. The districts of the Place Vendôme and the Avenue Montaigne house scores of cafes and restaurants where the sewing girls take their lunch. Friends, working in different salons, exchange news in all innocence, paying little regard to the man at the next table who is nearly falling off his seat with interest.

The couturiers take all the precautions possible. When mannequins are being fitted with the new models they are not allowed to move from one room to another: without being thoroughly in robe gigantic dressing gown.

The leading stores in Italy and Spain manage to be selling new Paris dresses, sometimes within three days of the first showing and this in spite of the fact that publication of all official photographs is embargoed for at least a month.

Those members of the Press and the trade who are invited to see the models for the first time are watched with great care. Hardly a show goes by without someone being ejected for making rough sketches in a secretive sort of way.

Foreign journalists visiting Paris are asked to submit photographs of themselves in triplicate to the Chambre Syndicale, the French equivalent of the Incorporated Society of London Fashion Designers.

They are then issued with a type of passport which permits entry into the salons. British fashion writer, Eileen Anderson says: "Getting into a Paris show is more difficult than crossing a boundary into enemy territory."

some idea of the materials that are being used by the scraps he picks up.

In London fashion houses a sense of duty makes the task that much easier. "The pride of the house" is a ringing phrase of which almost everyone connected with the business seems to be particularly proud.

No precautions are taken. Normally the only people to see the designs before they are made up into clothes are the couturiers themselves, head fitters and the cutters—all trusted employees.

The accredited Press, British and foreign, are asked to present their invitations at the door. No artists are allowed to sketch at the shows. Newspapers are permitted to publish only "outline" pictures of the time of the actual showing. These are based on information provided at the salons.

It's a long step from the Pirates of Penzance to the Pirates of Paris, but the Dior of this world might well quote from the Gilbert and Sullivan score: "Take any heart, take mine, to which they might add: 'But leave my fashions alone!'"



## JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Here Is A Play Worth Remembering

By OSWALD JACOBY

VERY seldom do you get the chance to make the same type of play in a single hand for three different reasons. This happened, however, to Fred Sheinwald in the recent tournament at Sacandaga Park, N. Y. West opened the ten of spades, and East naturally played the king. Sheinwald played low instead of winning the trick. He hoped that East's king was a singleton, in which case East would have to shift to a different suit, leaving the ace of spades in the South hand. This was actually the situation, and East shifted to the ten of hearts. Sheinwald played a low card on this trick also, but his reason was different. If West held both the ace and queen of hearts, the situation was hopeless. West would then be able to establish and cash the "spades" if West had only the ace of hearts, but not the queen, there could be no harm in playing low on the first round of that suit. After all, the ace might be blank. Once East knew with declarer West had to win with his blank ace of hearts, West returned a spade, and South won with the ace. He then led a low diamond from his hand.

NORTH 21	
♠ J5	♥ 642
♦ A Q 7 6 3	♣ A Q 9
WEST EAST	
♠ K 10 8 7 4	♥ K
♦ A	♠ K 10 8 7
♣ J 8 8	♥ 10
	♠ 10 7 6 3 2
SOUTH (D)	
♠ A 10 3 2	♥ K J 5 3
♦ 5 4 2	♣ K 5
Neither side vul.	
South West North East	
Pass 1 ♠ 2 ♠ Pass	
2 N.T. Pass Pass Pass	
Opening lead—♠ 10	

hand. West played the right of diamonds, and Sheinwald played a low diamond from the dummy instead of trying to win the trick. The reason this time was that at least one diamond trick had to be lost no matter how Sheinwald played. West wanted to make sure that he lost a diamond trick to East rather than to West. Since the eight of diamonds was the lowest outstanding card of that suit, Sheinwald could feel fairly sure that East would be obliged to win the trick. This, again, was a good guess. East won with the ten of diamonds and returned another heart, allowing declarer to win the trick with the jack. The diamond finesse now brought in the rest of that suit, and declarer made ten tricks for a top score.

## CARD SENSE

Q.—The bidding has been:  
East: 1 Diamond, 2 Heart, 3 Spade, 4 Club.  
South: 1 Heart, 2 Spade, 3 Heart, 4 Club.  
North: 1 Heart, 2 Spade, 3 Heart, 4 Club.  
What do you do?  
A.—Bid 4. This is a very unusual leap, suggesting unbalanced distribution and very good support for diamonds. North is expected to go on to game with almost any kind of opening bid. If North has enough ace, he should either suggest a slam or simply bid one.

## TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question last week. South, South: 1 Heart, 2 Spade, 3 Heart, 4 Club. North: 1 Heart, 2 Spade, 3 Heart, 4 Club. What do you do?

Answer—Tomorrow

## CROSSWORD

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1. Income (1).
2. Draw out (7).
3. Make a man making it (8).
4. Play card game (10).
5. Unpaid servant of the voice (10).
6. Sleep (10).
7. Where to find an artist in the afternoon (7).
8. One may be danced at the ball (10).
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# ARE BIG SOCCER MATCHES BAD FOR YOUNG PLAYERS?

Asks TOM FINNEY

(England and Preston North End Outside Right)

How tough is an international match?—This question has been argued up and down Britain during the last few weeks.

Several people have suggested it would be harmful to throw Albert Quixall, blond 18-year-old inside-forward with Sheffield Wednesday, into the England side against Wales at Wembley today. "At 18," they say, "he is too young for an experience of this kind. It will harm his future."

The selectors then settled the argument by excluding Quixall. They may have thought him too young.

I couldn't agree less. The governing factor is not age. Rather it is simply a matter of experience and ability. If a lad is good enough, as were such famous players as Cliff Bastin and Stanley Matthews, both "capped" before their 20th birthday—they will gain much from an international game.

My own experience is that some about the "big game" atmosphere of Wembley, Hampden, Park, Home or Old have been played up too much.

Once the match has started, it differs very little from the ordinary League affair. The fact that more than 100,000 people might be cheering their

heads off does not make a big impression on the player.

"NERVES" DISAPPEAR

I was just 18 when I first played for Preston at Liverpool in 1940. Nearly 30,000 people were at Anfield—and I was very nervous indeed in the dressing-room.

Until then I had not played in front of crowds of even one thousand. Once we were out on the pitch, the nervousness disappeared. I did not have a good game. The pace was too fast for that. But at least it was not the fault of the terraces.

When I first played for England in Belfast six years ago, it was before a record gate. Many of our side then were new to international football and the Irishman is perhaps the most partisan of all supporters. This was another great thrill—and I think the eleven of us each had a herd of "butterflies" in our tummies.

But, again, they flew away as the match started. At that time we had Frank Swift, big Manchester City goalkeeper and greatest of all football comedians, to relieve the dressing-room tension.

"Swift" was a real character. His off-field value to the England team was as great as his performances between the posts.

But even now has "his" anxiety for these occasions. I remember that not to long back a side in the Cup Final performed a famous stage star to come and keep them happy in the long moments before the "start".

AT THE FINALS

The nearest I have come to a Cup Final myself is to dream about it. But Billy Wright and Jackie Milburn, who have both earned coveted winners' medals there recently, tell me that you haven't lived until you have sampled a Final.

Yet both agree that, when the waiting is over, the game itself is only another football match. Of course, you are straining every limb, every muscle—but the fact that 100,000 people are huddled in the vast hush makes very little difference.

Not Youth is at no disadvantage on these occasions. Hadn't you now remember, had collected every honour, which the game could offer before he was 21. And I am quite sure that

If Sheffield Wednesday reach the FA Cup Final this year, Mr. Eric Taylor, Wednesday's manager, will not think of leaving young Quixall out of the side on the score of his tender years.

Some of you might say that such a thing happened once. In 1939 Jimmy Mullen, then a 17-year-old on Wolves' left-wing, helped them in each round to the semi-final. But Major Frank Buckley left him out of the Wembley side.

Perhaps the Major remembered Bobby Beattie's experience the previous year. Then, according to rumour, the Scot was too nervous to lace his own boots before the match started. But I think manager Buckley had some tactical reason for keeping Jimmy out—and certainly Bobby had recovered sufficiently to play a fine match against Huddersfield.

## HENDON REACH THE FIRST ROUND PROPER

(From Our Own Correspondent)

London, Nov. 11. Hendon, the Athenian League Club which two seasons ago toured Hong-kong, have again won their way through to the first round proper of the FA Cup.

The draw was made today and Hendon will receive Northampton Town, the Third Division club.

## FA Cup Draw

London, Nov. 11. The draw for the first round matches of the FA Cup, to be played on Saturday, November 22, resulted as follows:

Chester vs. Hartlepool United.  
Gateshead vs. Crewe.  
Chesterfield vs. Workington.  
Bradford City vs. Rhyll.  
Scunthorpe United vs. Carlisle United.  
Brighton vs. Wrexham.  
Horden Colliery Welfare vs. Accrington Stanley.  
Scarbrough vs. Mansfield Town.  
Halifax Town vs. Ashton United.  
York City vs. Barrow.  
Gillingham vs. Grimsby Town.  
Southport vs. Bangor City.  
Tranmere Rovers vs. Ashington.

Bradford vs. Rochdale.  
Gainsborough Trinity vs. Netherfield.  
Selby Town vs. Spennymoor United or Bishop Auckland.  
North Shields vs. Stockport County.  
Boston United vs. Oldham Athletic.  
Hendon vs. Northampton Town.  
Grays Athletic or King's Lynn vs. Llandudno.

Kidderminster Harriers vs. Chelmsford or Finchley.  
Swindon Town vs. Newport (Isle of Wight).  
Leytonstone vs. Watford.  
Peterborough vs. Torquay United.

Wellington Town vs. Gillingham.  
Yeovil Town vs. Brighton and Hove.  
Leiston vs. Hereford.  
Crystal Palace vs. Reading.  
Queen's Park Rangers vs. Shrewsbury Town.

Folkestone or Tonbridge vs. Norwich City.  
Walthamstow Avenue vs. Wimbledon.  
Ipswich Town vs. Bournemouth.

Bath City vs. Southend United.  
Aldershot vs. Millwall.  
Coventry City vs. Bristol City.

Guildford vs. Great Yarmouth.  
Newport County vs. Walsall.  
Port Vale vs. Exeter City.

Weymouth vs. Colchester United.  
Leyton Orient vs. Bristol Rovers.

Replays will be on or before the following Thursday, Nov. 27.—Reuter.

## FIRST INTERNATIONAL CAP AT 32



Jimmy Logie, Arsenal's famous Scottish forward, gained his first international cap — at the age of 32 — when he played against Ireland at Hampden Park on November 5. The match ended in a 1-1 draw. Picture shows Logie reading congratulatory telegrams before the match with Norman Smith (left), David Dicks (Dorothy Pagel's jockey) and Joe Wade.

## SPORTS ROUNDABOUT

### Scotland's Big Need Is A Full-time Coach

Says W. CAPEL KIRBY

There's a school of thought in Scotland in favour of appointing a national team manager and coach on Walter Winterbottom lines.

But I gather officialdom considers there's not sufficient reason, or justification for a full-time appointment.

Considering Scotland's selectors had to accept the inevitable by including eight Anglos in their team against Ireland: this is utter nonsense.

Scottish football was never in greater need of a guiding hand, and in my opinion the man best fitted to extend it is Matt Busby. Who else?

Reason for Villa and other Midland clubs taking such interest in Rhyll lately is John Devine, 22-year-old North Wales apprentice draughtsman, whose performances at outside right are a class above Cheshire League standards.

Another magnet is little Jimmy Lennon, Glasgow-born inside left from Falkirk. Did I say little? Why, bless me, he stands every bit of 5ft. 3in.

Bill Shankly's interest in Jock Henderson evaporated when Third Lanark quoted a shilling figure price for this bustling centre-forward who wants away.

"We can afford to wait," said Grimsby's manager after telling me about the footballing virtues of Jimmy Rayner, his 17-year-old Midland League team centre-forward, who has already scored 10 goals this season.

Jimmy had a trial spell with Burnley, but was allowed to return to his native Durham.

So long as Wolves are in the championship running, with the Reserves bidding to retain their Central League title, manager Stan Cullis will continue to ignore offers for Jimmy Dunn.

And that goes for any other wanted Wolves player, as Lincolnton City discovered when manager Bill Anderson and a director were sent empty away from Molineux.

"I would have been happy to sign any one of their reserve team," Bill told me only an hour before he solved his inside-forward problem by signing Joe Johnson from Rangers.

Outstanding Bristol sporting occasion next season will be the centenary of Bitton Cricket Club. Fading documents record that when Bitton played Hamam in 1864 four members of the celebrated Grace family participated.

The immortal "W. G." then only 16, played with brothers Henry and Alfred for Hamam, while "E. M." assisted Bitton.

Falconry belonged to the last Elizabethan age, which is a very good reason why the Football League should forthwith remove their ban on air travel.

It is nearly 18 years since they said "No" when A. C. Ballard, a West Country philanthropist, offered to provide Plymouth Argyle with an aircraft for covering away journeys. Yet in these days of faster and safer skyways, Plymouth recently have had to travel something like 3,000 miles by train and motor-coach.

WAS THIS A FOUL? For crows to make off with golf balls is not uncommon, but a seagull swooping into the penalty area and getting away

with a snack the goalkeeper had concealed in his cap is news involving Largs Thistle and the gargantuan appetite of David Bickerton.

Off came David's cap in a goalmouth scramble, and away went the bread roll down "Dido's" ever-receptive gullet. They tell me this huge goalkeeper is in line for Scottish junior honour this season. Here's hoping he has a good round meal beforehand.

Was it selection or club business which took Middlesbrough director Harry French to the Barnsley-Fulham match? Circumstantial evidence leads me to believe it was both.

In the role of England selector he saw a "B" team possible in Bob Morton, Luton's 24-year-old right half, who hails from nearby Eaton Bray, Dunstable.

From the club viewpoint he must have been impressed by the wing raiding of Bert Mitchell.

Hampden fans are apprehensive about the possibility of Queen's Park being minus the services of Irish-born Seamus O'Connell for the visit of promotion-seeking Morton on November 15.

True, the Carlisle-born inside right is a possible for England's amateur side against Holland that day, but two probabilities as good, if not better, are Alf Noble and Johnny Wharton.

When Ernie Shepherd left Fulham to sign for Hull City he had visions of having to give up his picturesque Thames-side bungalow which used to belong to Vic Oliver. He stayed put, and was never happier than when his transfer to Queens' Park Rangers once again took him near his dream home.

IS BEST MAN BEST MANT? Dilemma for Worthington's Tony Paskins. Granted permission to act as best man at a London wedding on November 22, he now finds himself chosen to travel to France with the Other Nationalities team the same week-end. Will the Rugby League enforce Tony's appearance at Marseille, or will he stand alongside his friend at the altar?

At a pleasant little ceremony at the finish of play, Mrs. J. F. McGregor presented the prizes won by successful competitors during the 1951/52 season.

Mr. J. F. McGregor then addressed the gathering and thanked all the competitors and officials for their efforts in making the golf season such a success and congratulated Mrs. W. P. Birwhistle for her excellent selection of prizes and drew attention to the splendid organisation of competitive events by Sir John Kinloch.

RECORD ROUND Mrs. K.S. Robertson established a new ladies' record for the New Course at Fanling yesterday when she carded a brilliant 77. She was out in 58 and home in 39.

She was playing in a Stableford competition on the regular Ladies' Day at Fanling. She won the competition with a total of 42 points.

Mrs. Robertson was Champion of the Ladies' Section of the Royal Hongkong Golf Club in 1935 and 1951.

Cricket fans will pay more to watch Test Matches against Australia in 1953. Increased entertainment tax has forced the MCC Board of Control to raise prices.

Minimum prices for all Tests against Australia will be "five shillings compared with four and sixpence in London and four shillings in the provinces."

In these days of faster and safer skyways, Plymouth recently have had to travel something like 3,000 miles by train and motor-coach.

For crows to make off with golf balls is not uncommon, but a seagull swooping into the penalty area and getting away

## HKFA Council Meeting

### Tribute To St. John Ambulance Brigade CHALLENGE SHIELD DRAW

Tribute was paid to the excellent work being performed by the St John Ambulance Brigade at soccer matches in the course of the monthly Council meeting of the Hongkong Football Association yesterday.

Mr J. C. Guimang, Chairman of the Association, said that during the recent match between Army and Sling Tao at Sookunpon, one of the Army players fractured his knee-cap.

Prompt assistance was rendered by members of the St John Ambulance Brigade on duty and the first aid given was so good that an R.A.M.C. Officer who was on the spot said that it would not be necessary for him to render the injured player any assistance.

This R.A.M.C. Officer, said Mr Guimang, commended members of the St John Ambulance Brigade on the efficient manner in which they had rendered first aid and said that they had indeed done a very good job.

Mr Guimang's tribute was paid when Mr L. J. Channing said that he had been approached by Mr Ho Keng-po, an officer of the St John Ambulance Brigade, regarding storage of stretchers at grounds so as to obviate the present procedure whereby members of the Brigade had to bring stretchers to the different grounds whenever soccer matches were played.

It was agreed by the meeting that arrangements could be made for the storage of stretchers at the different grounds as requested.

PLAYERS' TICKETS

A lengthy discussion took place regarding the question of complimentary tickets for players.

Mr Guimang said that Government had indicated it was prepared to allow 105 complimentary tickets—55 for referees and 50 for players.

Mr Guimang said that Government had merely suggested that the number of complimentary tickets be reduced, but was not concerned as to how such reduction took place so long as the number was reduced.

Mr Ma Man-fai said that Government did not require other organizations to pay any tax on complimentary tickets because it knew that it had no power to do so at present.

Mr Ma put forward the following proposals:

(a) That the Association accept Government advice in order to avoid the enacting of new legislation which would involve many societies and organizations.

(b) That 105 free tickets be issued at the gate each day.

(c) That a report be submitted to Government showing the actual records of excess tickets issued per day so that the position may be reviewed again.

PROPOSALS ADOPTED

These proposals were defeated and the following proposals of Mr Guimang accepted:

(a) That the Association accept Government advice in order to avoid the enacting of new legislation which would involve many societies and organizations.

(b) That of the 105 tickets allowed, 55 be taken from the referees and added to the 50 tickets for players. The entire 105 tickets should then be divided equally between 13 Senior Clubs, which should then distribute them in such manner as they respectively thought fit, provided that no club should receive more than 15 tickets.

(c) That in view of the probable increase in the number of referees, the Association and Clubs allow them free admission to games provided they pay entertainment tax on season tickets, if required.

Regarding the question of pre-sale of tickets for League games, Mr Guimang said that arrangements had been made for the pre-sale of 1,000 tickets to each of the competing Clubs, 50 to non-competing Senior Clubs and 20 to each Junior Club. Any balance would be re-divided.

Mr Guimang said that Mr L.G. Young, Hon. Secretary of the Hongkong Football Club, had kindly agreed to handle the pre-sale of tickets in respect of matches on the Club ground at the Clubhouse on Wednesday Thursday and Friday between the hours of 5 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Mr Guimang said that the question of the Association providing refreshments for referees who handled matches in the School Football League on Sunday morning. He said that without the services of the referees, who gave voluntarily of their time and did not receive any payment, schoolboy football would not be possible.

It was agreed that the Convenor of School Football be requested to purchase the necessary refreshments for referees and submit the account to the Association for payment.

Mr Channing brought up the question of the Association providing refreshments for referees who handled matches in the School Football League on Sunday morning. He said that without the services of the referees, who gave voluntarily of their time and did not receive any payment, schoolboy football would not be possible.

It was agreed that the Convenor of School Football be requested to purchase the necessary refreshments for referees and submit the account to the Association for payment.

Mr Channing also brought up the question of a grant from the Players' Benevolent Fund to the widow of Wong Mei-shun, a former First Division player who was killed during a Japanese air attack on the Burma Road.

Mr Channing said that the widow was in dire straits and had previously been assisted considerably by the Hongkong Football Club.

The matter was referred to the Finance Committee for consideration and recommendation.

Mr Guimang said that steps were being taken to incorporate the Association and proposed that a Sub-Committee be appointed to meet Mr Wong Kai-chi, Mr Messrs L & L, through the draft Memorandum and Articles of Association. The meeting appointed Messrs A. McAlpine, K.K. Ip and L.J. Channing to serve on this Sub-Committee.

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## Record Round At Fanling

London, Nov. 11. North County and South County have agreed on the exchange of Area 1 players. County 1st A will play County 2nd A. County 2nd A will play County 3rd A. County 3rd A will play County 4th A. County 4th A will play County 5th A. County 5th A will play County 6th A. County 6th A will play County 7th A. County 7th A will play County 8th A. County 8th A will play County 9th A. County 9th A will play County 10th A. County 10th A will play County 11th A. County 11th A will play County 12th A. County 12th A will play County 13th A. County 13th A will play County 14th A. County 14th A will play County 15th A. County 15th A will play County 16th A. County 16th A will play County 17th A. County 17th A will play County 18th A. County 18th A will play County 19th A. County 19th A will play County 20th A. County 20th A will play County 21st A. County 21st A will play County 22nd A. County 22nd A will play County 23rd A. County 23rd A will play County 24th A. County 24th A will play County 25th A. County 25th A will play County 26th A. County 26th A will play County 27th A. County 27th A will play County 28th A. County 28th A will play County 29th A. County 29th A will play County 30th A. County 30th A will play County 31st A. County 31st A will play County 32nd A. County 32nd A will play County 33rd A. County 33rd A will play County 34th A. County 34th A will play County 35th A. County 35th A will play County 36th A. County 36th A will play County 37th A. County 37th A will play County 38th A. County 38th A will play County 39th A. County 39th A will play County 40th A. County 40th A will play County 41st A. County 41st A will play County 42nd A. County 42nd A will play County 43rd A. County 43rd A will play County 44th A. County 44th A will play County 45th A. County 45th A will play County 46th A. County 46th A will play County 47th A. County 47th A will play County 48th A. County 48th A will play County 49th A. County 49th A will play County 50th A. County 50th A will play County 51st A. County 51st A will play County 52nd A



★ ★ ★ A SEAT IN THE STALLS ★ ★ ★

# FILM ON GILBERT AND SULLIVAN LIKELY TO BE THE CINEMATIC EVENT OF CORONATION YEAR

A film revolving round the lives and works of Gilbert and Sullivan—a subject as British as Westminster Abbey—is likely to become the cinematic event of Coronation Year.

Set in the reign of Victoria, the world's last great Queen, the film is scheduled for release early next year, and should be screening overseas just before the Coronation itself.

On the strength of the timing, and the popularity of Gilbert and Sullivan's light operas, it is assured of success.

The timing, however, was not pre-planned. It has come about purely by chance—the climax of a long history of circumstances dating right back

to the first Gilbert and Sullivan opera in the 1870's before the cinema was dreamed of. For years, film producers have realised what rich material lay in the fascinating success story of the two men. But the laws of copyright were such that, though the operas have been played in the United States since they were first written, the film rights to the words and music had remained in the control of the D'Oyly Carte family whose founder, Richard, managed the celebrated operatic team throughout their turbulent career.

## ONCE BEFORE

The film embargo has only once previously been lifted when a screen version of "The Mikado" was made in 1938. In recent years, the control of the operas passed into the hands of Bridget D'Oyly Carte, granddaughter of the Victorian impresario. Early in 1950, she authorised the production of a Gilbert and Sullivan film, giving a carte blanche so the most could be made of both the words and music. Of the many bidders from Hollywood and British film studios, she entrusted the production to Sir Alexander Korda.

Korda, in turn, handed the project over to Frank Launder and Sidney Gilliat, who have combined on films for many years.

So began the filming of "Gilbert and Sullivan." Gilliat, who wrote the screen play, aimed at making a film which, though neither a biographical study nor a musical, would embody the inimitability of Gilbert and Sullivan as men as well as their complementary perfection as artists.

He also worked to depict Gilbert's mordant wit both in private life and as a librettist and Sullivan's charm and sentimentality, both as a lover of life and a musician torn between serious composition and sparkling light opera music. Gilliat combined the most colourful incidents from 25 years of stormy partnership with excerpts from the whole range of operas most suitable for punctuating and underlining the broad central theme besides exerting their own infinite and immortal appeal.

## A COMPROMISE

Although this meant, in a few cases, telescoping certain periods of the biography in order to emphasise an exciting story point or present an opera to its best advantage, both Frank Launder and Sidney Gilliat felt that no-one would blame them for a compromise which could only enhance the entertainment value of a story concerning two of the most popular entertainers of all time.

Excerpts from eight operas occupy 50 minutes out of two hours screen time. Sir Malcolm Sargent, with Muir Mathieson as his associate, handled all musical direction. Everything was pre-recorded by well-known singers of the British musical world including Webster Booth, Elsie Morrison, Majorie Thomas, John Cameron, Gordon Clifton and Jennifer Vyvyan.

They were accompanied by the London Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Malcolm Sargent himself. Places on the screen were taken by actors chosen as the most suitable to represent members of the original D'Oyly Carte Opera Company.

Amongst those who were able to fulfil the dual function of singing and acting were Marilyn Green as George Grossmith; Thomas Round, another former member of the D'Oyly Carte Opera Company, as the defendant in "Trial by Jury" and Nanki-Poo in "The Mikado"; Muriel Brunskill, as the principal contralto; Owen Brannigan as the bass baritone and Harold Williams as the Judge in "Trial by Jury."

(London Express Service)

## POPPY DAY FUND BOXING

The Earl Haig Poppy Day Fund Boxing Competition will take place at the Southern Playground, Wanchai, on Saturday, November 22. The opening bout will start at 8.30 p.m.

The Organising Committee has produced an excellent programme of bouts and the boxers include many well-known civilian and Service boxers.

Cpl. Mulligan of the Royal Ulster Rifles and Cpl. Foster of the Hongkong Signal Regiment who battled it out in the final of the Hongkong Land Forces Middleweight Championship last season will meet again in a return bout.

Cpl. Mulligan was the first encounter on points and it will be interesting to see if he can repeat the performance.

Henry Wong of local fame is scheduled for a tough fight against Gunner Gill of the Royal Artillery, who was runner-up in the A.B.A. Championships in 1949.

Royal Navy are represented in the programme by A.B. Baxter, who meets Rifleman Short of the Royal Ulster Rifles, a Northern Ireland District Champion in 1951.

AC Lucas upholds the prestige of the Royal Air Force in a needle encounter with Sgt. Farrel, also of the Royal Ulster Rifles.

## THE PROGRAMME

A full list of events with weights is shown below:  
Mr. Lu-sing v. Gnr. Tilley (R.A.)—Middweight.  
Hunter (Hongkong Signal Regiment) (Cumberland District Champion 1951) v. Pte. Morris (R. Norfolk)—Light Middleweight.  
Ho Moon-hung v. Cpl. Bartlett (79 Coy R.A.S.C.)—Flyweight.  
Cpl. Mulligan (R.U.R.) (H.K.L.F. Champion 1952) v. Cpl. Foster (Hongkong Signal Regiment) (Scottish Command Champion 1951)—Middleweight.  
Henry Wong v. Gnr. Gill (R.A.) (Runner-up London A.B.A. Championship 1949)—Lightweight.  
Cpl. Baxter (R.A.F.) (F.E.A. Champion 1952) v. Sgt. Farrel (R.U.R.) (Hongkong v. FAREL) Champion 1952)—Lightweight.  
AC Lucas (Royal Navy) (Imperial Services Champion) v. Rifleman Short (R.U.R.) (Northern Ireland District Champion 1951)—Light Heavyweight.  
Ng Tik-wei v. Spr. Dunstone (R.F.U.) (Runner-up Singapore District Championship 1952)—Light welterweight.  
Kan Man v. Ldr. Traynor (R.A.) (Bantamweight).  
Cpl. Callaghan (R.U.R.) (FAREL Champion 1952) v. Gnr. Heine (R.A.)—Welterweight.  
Ho Hong-peng v. Gnr. Falkender (R.A.) (Darlington District Champion 1950)—Bantamweight.  
Mr. McPhillips (R.U.R.) (FAREL Champion 1952) v. Ldr. Laws (R.A.) (A.A. Command Champion 1950-51)—Middleweight.  
Fong Ki-kong v. Dr. Martin (R.A.) (A.A. Group Champion)—Flyweight.

## France Beats Ireland 3-1 At Paris

Paris, Nov. 11. France, making more use of their chances in front of goal, beat Ireland 3-1 in their soccer international at the Colombes Stadium here today before a crowd of 50,000.

The French team had more of the play before half-time, when they led 2-1. Ireland, improving in the second half, had many chances of saving the game, but lack of co-ordination among the forwards enabled the French defence to break up their attacks.

Irish goalkeeper Norman Upham, made several good saves, especially in the first half.

Charles Tully of Glasgow Celtic, Ireland's outside-left, scored their only goal in the last few minutes of the first half. Joseph Ujlaki, the inside-right, scored the first goal and outside-right, Raymond Kopka, added two more.

At one time the French team had 12 men on the field. Centre-forward Thadec Cisowsky went off for seven minutes with a strained leg, and was replaced by Jean Baratee. Cisowsky returned, but the referee did not see him for a few minutes, and during this time he and Baratee were both on the field—Reuter.

## GOALLESS DRAW

Toulouse, Nov. 11. France and Scotland played a goalless draw in a hard-fought "B" international soccer match here today.

Play was fairly even throughout and there was little to choose between the teams. Defences on the whole held the upper hand, but they were helped to a great extent by the weak finishing of the forwards.

The forwards also found the two goalkeepers, Tom Ledgerwood (Partick Thistle and Scotland) and Frantz Fometter (France) in splendid form and they saved anything that came their way.

In the second half Scotland failed with a penalty. Tom Gemmell, Scotland's inside-left, was brought down in the rear and outside-left, Billy Ormond, who was entrusted with the kick, shot over the bar—Reuter.

## Alec Bedser To Take His Benefit Next Summer

London, Nov. 11. Alec Bedser will take his benefit next summer after nearly 15 years with Surrey. Bedser, his twin brother Eric, and the County Captain, Stuart Surridge, all accepted invitations to this week's first ever annual dinner of the Guildford area of the Surrey Association of Cricket Clubs.

The main object was to celebrate the County's Championship-winning exploits of 1st season.—Reuter.

## Snooker League Results

Results of Geo. Younger Snooker League matches played last night were:  
Lusitano "Blue" 5, KCC "Red" 0; Lusitano "White" 4, HQF 1; South China 4, Eastern "B" 1; Eastern "A" 4, KCC "Green" 1; RAF Kai Tak 5, Chazemans' Moss 0.



In this reproduction of the finale of the first performance of "Trial by Jury" at the Royal Theatre in 1875, Harold Williams gives a delightful cameo as the 'good' judge, with Yvonne Marsh as the jilted bride and Thomas Round as the 'heartless' defendant.

## THE ROYAL FILM PERFORMANCE

# It Should Have Been The Show Of The Year, But It Was A Film Fiasco

Says ROBERT OTTAWAY

MORE television fans were created by this year's Royal Film Performance than any programme put out from Lime Grove.

The great Leicestershire bungle has been repeated in Leeds and Liverpool where American stars like Yvonne de Carlo and Rock Hudson were supposed to appear—and did not turn up. They had legitimate excuses—but I guess it was a case of "once bitten...."

## PIN-CHOSEN?

This performance should be the greatest film show that can be devised. The chosen programme should represent the industry at its peak. And the committee that picked "Because You're Mine" must be blind, deaf, and dumb; or maybe, they just took a list of titles, closed their collective eyes, and stabbed it with a pin.

There is no reason why a musical should not be honoured—it has the wit, taste, and polish of "Singin' in the Rain," but this one is garish, witless, and inept. Buried in the sixth layer of script-writers, there seems to be a glimmer of an idea. It was effectively concealed.

Manal Lanza may have a fun-time that runs into millions, but as far as the cinema is concerned he is little more than a two-legged larynx. In this effort he is helped by a cluster of barrack-room clichés, ranging from the angry captain to a heavenly choir of top-segments.

The final insult would have been for Mr. Lanza to have appeared in person. I congratulate all concerned on the row with M.G.M. that prevented his coming. That at least was in the best of taste.

And the chosen film should receive an "Oscar," an award of merit that will have as much standing as the accolade from the Venice or Cannes film festivals, or the American Academy statuette.

Nineteen hundred and fifty-two has produced some worthwhile films—The Sound Barrier, Cry, the Beloved Country, Paz, and Mike spring to mind. I can't believe that the films rejected for the Royal Film Performance are worse than "Because You're Mine."

The stage show, in its present form, should be scrapped. I don't blame the young producer, John Varley, for its failure. It is impossible to produce anything acceptable in a couple of days, with snatched rehearsals and an unwieldy host of celebrities.

By all means let the stars appear. There's a great craving for them. Let them come to see them life-size.

I suggest that scenes are chosen from the best films of the previous year. Let them be shown on the screen. Then let the stars from those films appear on the stage to utter a few pointed words about themselves, the film, or their future.

## CLASSIFICATION LIST CHANGES

The following are Hongkong Jockey Club alterations to the Hongkong Classification List:

To Class 2: Crackerjack and Noreman (from Class 1); Kentucky Led (from Class 2).  
To Class 3: Amazon and Marietta (from Class 4).  
To Class 5: Best That and New Zealand (from Class 6); United Victory (from Class 4).  
To Class 6: Concord (from Class 8).  
To Class 8: Equilite, Love and Saviour (from Class 3); National Income (from Class 10).

## VIVA THOSE WHO MAKE SUCH FILMS!

Says Sue Dawson

Marlon Brando—remember "Streetcar Named Desire"?—carries one of Hollywood's most unholy-woody successes which was made "to rescue from the back of a mule, where it once hung, bodiless and bloody, the head of one of the great human beings of modern times."

That was Edgum Pinchon's aim in writing his novel of Emiliano Zapata in 1941, and it was also Ella Kazan's in filming "Viva Zapata!" the story of the rebel hero of Mexico, a little Mexican state, who all his life fought against the system which allowed the big estates to seize the land of the peasants.

Broadway supplied most of the cast for John Steinbeck's screen-play of the novel, and the combination is really powerful with none of the excesses one has unfortunately come to associate with films from Hollywood.

## BUT ALAS!

But alas! The censors or some other censor-happy creatures have been indiscriminately snipping at the celluloid.

The result in "Viva Zapata!" is that the story is apt to be muddled; chunks are sliced right out; action scenes are butchered in the middle and what appears to be irrelevant incidents crop up here and there.

To wit, ribald soldierly suddenly swoop down on a train carrying a strangled female corpse in the freight van. This part incident remains while its context lies in a heap of discarded clippings.

And Fernando the zealot, played so well by Joseph Wiseman, seems a nebulous character whose purpose and presence are as unclear as pea-soup.

One could name more instances ad infinitum.

What a picture, though, what acting and what an ending! Viva those who can make such films!



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Occupation ..... Date of birth .....

## The 'War' In Malta

War—undeclared but evident—has broken out in Malta: a film war. I could not be better pleased.

Already on and around the island: Hollywood's 20th Century-Fox in force, to make a "British" film based on C. S. Forester's naval story of the 1914-18 war, Brown On Resolution. I say based, because the script is now largely about the last war—and the title changed to Single-Handed.

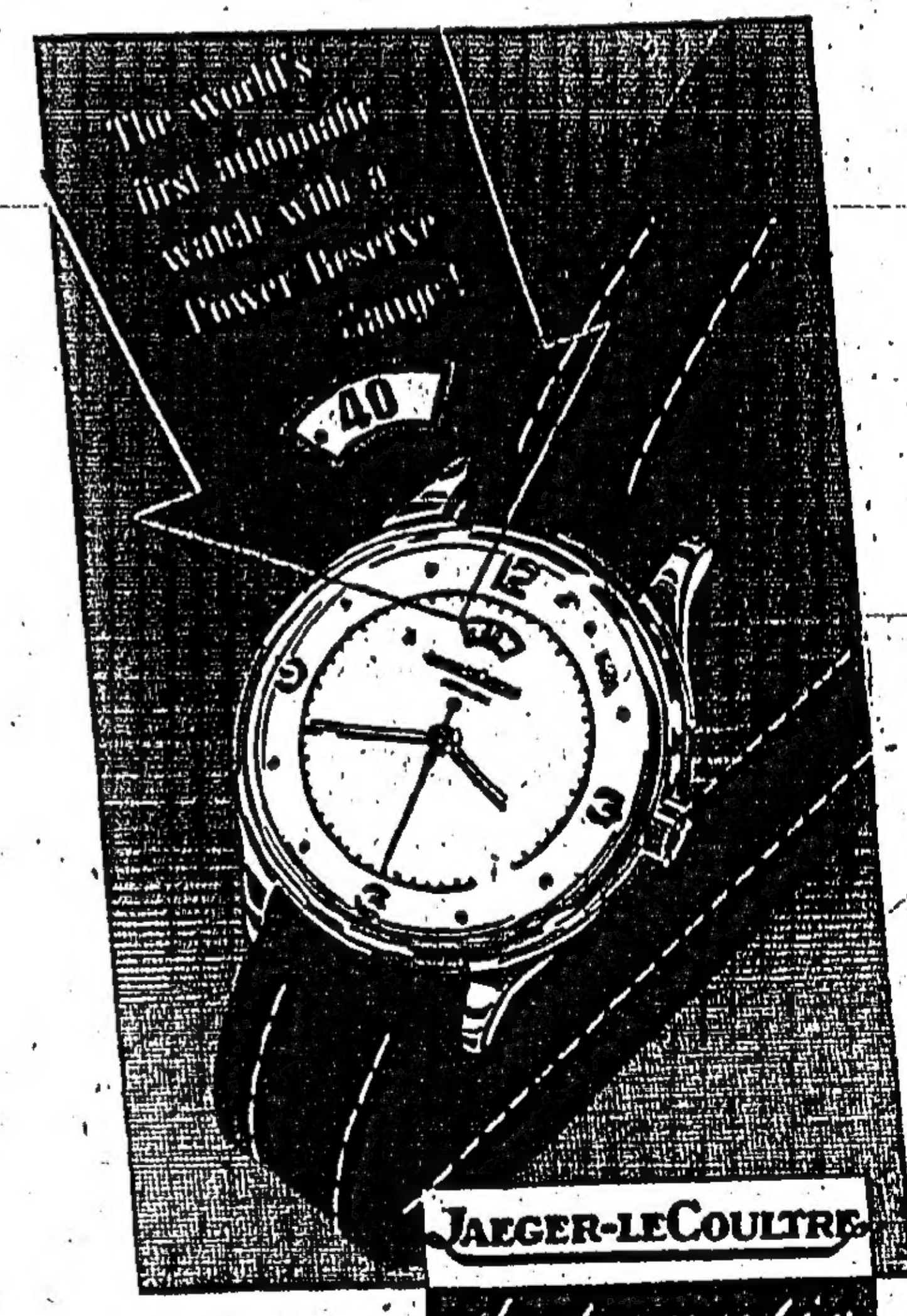
I put "British" in quotes because Roy Boulting, one of our ablest directors, has been allotted a Hollywood actor Jeffrey Hunter, for one of the principal roles, and Michael Denne—who now does most of his acting in America—for the other.

The Rank Organisation have already sprung into action. They have flown out their own unit, and some of their leading stars to make a rival—and simultaneous—picture tentatively called The Malta Story. Heading the big guns, in a star sense: Alec Guinness, Jack Hawkins and Anthony Steel. With Marie Pavlov, as a Maltese girl, to provide romantic interest for Guinness—who will play a RAF pilot.

For their Forester adaptation the Hollywood company are being given help by the British Navy. The newcomers have enlisted the aid of the combined Armed Services.

Now the islands, already camera-conscious, will watch a furious race—since the Guinness company are bent on finishing first, and establishing Malta as a British crown colony on the world's screens as well as in fact.

(London Express Service)



And now the famous

firm of Jaeger-LeCoultre have given the automatic watch its final touch of perfection: the Power Reserve Gauge. A special mechanism continually records the degree of tension of the mainspring, and expresses this—in terms of hours of reserve power in hand—on a dial in the watch-face. In this way, Jaeger-LeCoultre (who are also the makers of the "Atmos" automatic clock) have made yet another important advance in the science of horology. And this new feature has been added to all the other outstanding advantages of the Jaeger-LeCoultre automatic model which is highly precise, waterproof, shock-proof, antimagnetic, and has the direct sweep-second hand.

JAEGER-LECOULTRE



# BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO			
"FENGTIEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	8 a.m. 13th Nov.	
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 13th Nov.	
"HANYANG"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 15th Nov.	
"SHENGKING"	Keelung, Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 16th Nov.	
"FOYANG"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 17th Nov.	
"HUNAN"	Keelung	3 p.m. 22nd Nov.	
"SHENGKING"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 23rd Nov.	
"PAKHOT"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 23rd Nov.	
"YUNNAN"	Sourabaya & Maccassar	8 a.m. 26th Nov.	
"FUNGING"	Sourabaya & Maccassar	8 a.m. 26th Nov.	

\* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM			
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 13th Nov.	
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	8 a.m. 13th Nov.	
"FOYANG"	Singapore	13/14th Nov.	
"PAKHOT"	Kobe	20th Nov.	
"FUNGING"	Kobe	23rd Nov.	

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO			
"ANKING"	Japan	4th Dec.	
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne	8th Dec.	

ARRIVALS FROM			
"ANKING"	Australia & Tarnkan	30th Nov.	
"CHANGSHA"	Yokohama	5th Dec.	

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden &amp; Port Said.

"AUTOLYCUS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	24th Nov.
"ANTILYCHUS"	Liverpool, Avonmouth & Dublin	25th Nov.
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Dec.
"ASTYANAX"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	24th Dec.
"CLYTONEUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th Dec.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
G. "PATROCLUS"	16th Nov.
S. "ANCHISE"	23rd Nov.
G. "CLYTONEUS"	1st Dec.
S. "ASTYANAX"	10th Dec.
G. "PERSEUS"	18th Dec.
S. "ARENEAS"	24th Dec.
G. "ASGANIUS"	31st Dec.
S. "AGAPENOR"	10th Jan 1953

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool.  
S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool.  
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.



## DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC &amp; PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

"BATAAN"	In Port A-9
"MENESTHEUS"	18th Dec.
SAILING for KINGSTON, NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.	
"DONA AURORA"	20th Nov.
"DONA ALICIA"	6th Dec.
"BATAAN"	21st Dec.

## Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Mon, Thurs. 8.45 a.m. Tues, Fri.	
HK/Hanoi (DC-3)	8.45 a.m. Tues.	4.45 p.m. Tues.
HK/Harbin (DC-3)	8.45 a.m. Thurs.	4.15 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Singapore (DC-3)	8.45 a.m. Tues.	4.45 p.m. Tues.
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	7.15 a.m. Tues, Fri.	4.45 p.m. Wed, Sat.

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BRANCH OFFICE: 50, Connaught Rd. West, 25875/32144, 24878



## ARRIVALS

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"BENMACDHUI"	Japan
"BENVORLICH"	U.K. via Singapore
"BENWYVIS"	U.K. via Singapore
"BENLAVERS"	Japan
"BENAVON"	U.K.
"BENROCH"	U.K.
"BENVORLICH"	Japan

## SAILINGS

FROM	DUE
"BENMACDHUI"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENVORLICH"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENLAVERS"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENWYVIS"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENAVON"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENVORLICH"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.
"BENROCH"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

All vessels accept Cargo for Aden, Suez and Port Said.  
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Agents  
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RETURNING to England? If so, why not live in East Herts, in the loveliest part of Surrey, close to woods, open country and downland, famous for its views and antiquities. Only 37 minutes by electric train to London, and only 20 minutes by motor. A good selection of houses, mostly always available at 2,200 to 2,100.00. Readers who contemplate residing in this area are invited to write to Wills and Sons, 10, Pall Mall, London, W.1, or to East Herts, Surrey, England, telephone East Herts 333 (3 lines).

## MISCELLANEOUS

GARDENING BOOK (Daily Express) on how to start a garden. With six generous packets, flower seeds locally tested. "Plant Now till January." S. C. M. Post, Hongkong and Kowloon.

## FOR SALE

CHRISTMAS CARDS containing views of Hongkong, printed with your personal greetings. Early orders advisable. "S. C. M. Post, Hongkong and Kowloon."

## NOTICE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS OF FREDERICK CHARLES DABRY late of The Hepburn, Bay Hotel, in the Colony of Hong Kong, Managing Director of The Hong Kong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 85 (1) of the Probate and Administration Ordinance Chapter 10, made an Order limiting the time for Creditors and other persons claiming against the above Estate to the second day of December, 1952.

All Creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1952.

DEACONS, Solicitors & Notaries, Hong Kong.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

"M. AKAGI MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignee and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 11th November, 1952.

All claims against the steamer

signed on or before the 15th November, 1952, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agent.

Hongkong, 7th November, 1952.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

as "CHANGSHA"

arrived 8th November, 1952

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday, 13th November, 1952, and consignees representatives are requested to be present during survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, November 11, 1952.

# US Supreme Court Justice Testifies On War Massacre

Washington, Nov. 11.

The Supreme Court Justice, Mr Robert H. Jackson, today told Congressmen investigating the wartime slaughter of 15,000 Polish officers and intellectuals in the Katyn Forest, Western Russia: "If you will capture Stalin, I will try him."

Justice Jackson, Chief Prosecutor at the Nuremberg War Crime trials after the war, was a voluntary witness before the Special House of Representatives Committee investigating the massacre.

He said he and British prosecutors originally opposed the Soviet effort to indict the Germans at Nuremberg for the massacre because there was insufficient documentary evidence and no known witnesses.

"I knew that the Nazis and Soviets accused each other, that both were capable of the offence, that perhaps both had an opportunity to commit it, and that it was perfectly consistent with the policy of each towards Poland," he said.

"Whatever the facts were, they had become overlaid with deep layers of Nazi and Soviet propaganda and counter-propaganda, and it seemed we could not undertake the long task of separating truth from falsehood."

Justice Jackson testified that as Chief Prosecutor at the Nuremberg trials, he never received American documents blaming Russia for the Katyn Forest massacre.

The Committee is trying to decide whether American officials, in an effort to avoid disrupting wartime relations with Moscow, suppressed information that Russians were responsible.

The Committee has reported to Congress that its international investigation proved the Russians killed the Poles in the Spring of 1940 to prepare for a Communist-dominated Poland.

Justice Jackson said that during the Nuremberg trials, he knew nothing of reports by Colonel John H. Van Vleet Jr., or two other American officers, who had officially told Washington that the Russians were responsible for the Katyn massacre.

Colonel Van Vleet was taken by the Germans when a prisoner to inspect crude Katyn

## NEW BOAC LINE

London, Nov. 11.

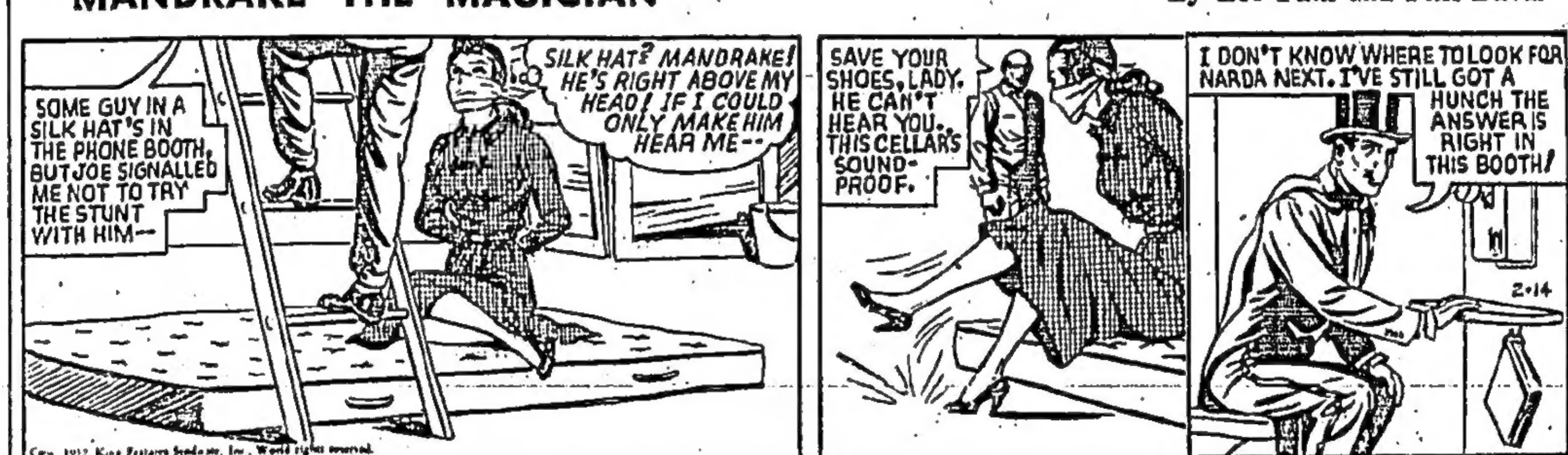
A Viking airliner of the Central African Airways, one of a fleet of four which is to operate a new third class service between London and Africa, landed at London Airport today at the end of a test flight.

The new service will start early next month. The fare to Nairobi will be £100—£54 less than the first class fare.

On Monday, British Overseas Airways Corporation will open a three-weekly second class service to Nairobi, with 56-seater Hermes airliners. The fare will be £110.—Reuter.

## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

He's A Pain!



## NANCY

Peas, Porridge Cold

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



# P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

## PENINSULAR &amp; ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

## PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CORFU"	16th October	17th November
"CHUSAN"	31st October	31st November
"CANTON"	13th November	10th December

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London

## FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	From U.K.	For
"SOMALI"	16th November	Japan
"SUNDA"	7th December	Japan

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	21st November	22nd December
"CHUSAN"	2nd December	31st December
"CANTON"	10th December	10th Jan. 1953

With liberty to call at Bombay if engagement offers. Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

## BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"SANTHA"	due 18th Nov.	from Japan
	due 20th Nov.	from Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Calcutta

"SANGOLA"	due 28th Nov.	from Calcutta, Hongkong, Penang & Singapore
"WARLA"	due 29th Nov.	from Japan
	due 8th Dec.	from Singapore, Hongkong & Chittagong
	due 10th Dec.	from Japan

## P. &amp; O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"ORDIA"	due 12th Nov.	from Japan
	due 14th Nov.	from Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & P. Gulf
"OLINDA"	due 21st Nov.	from Japan
	due 23rd Nov.	from Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & P. Gulf

## EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	due 19th Nov.	from Manila
	due 20th Nov.	from Japan
"NELLORE"	due 12th Dec.	from Japan
	due 12th Dec.	from Sandakan, Borneo, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne

"NANKIN"	due 25th Dec.	from Sandakan, Borneo, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
	due 26th Dec.	from Sandakan, Borneo, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

OF HONG KONG LTD.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

## DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN BURIED

Rehovoth, Nov. 11.

Dr Chaim Weizmann, first President of Israel, was buried today in his favourite fruit garden facing the Judean hills and Jerusalem.

Since he died on Sunday at the age of 77 over a quarter of a million mourners had filed silently past the black-draped catafalque on which his body lay in state.

From all over Israel—and the world—they came to this small township, about 15 miles from Tel-Aviv, to pay homage to the statesman-scientist who led the Jews back to their "promised land."

About 400 representatives of World Jewry attended the 90-minute funeral ceremony, which was followed by a 21-gun salute.

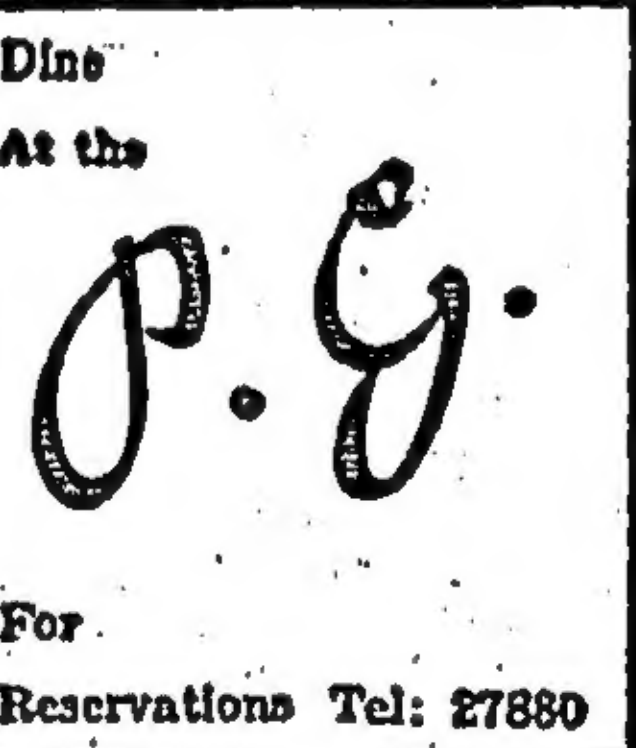
Throughout Israel, sirens wailed the signal for a two-minute silence as the ceremony began.

Traffic stopped and pedestrians stood still in homage. Shops were closed and all public transport suspended for two hours.

Leaders from all walks of Israeli life, members of the Diplomatic Corps and religious dignitaries of all denominations, including Moslems, followed the short funeral procession.

Red-capped paratroops, a naval detachment in white and a police party made up the guard of honour at the graveside.

After Mrs. Weizmann had placed the first wreath, hundreds of others turned the grave into a colourful heap of flowers.—Reuter.





## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



	Arriving	Leaving	Onward For
"TEI HO"	Nov. 14	Nov. 14	Japan
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Dec. 4	Dec. 5	Yokohama & Kobe
<b>Homeward For</b>			
"FALAISE"	Nov. 14	Nov. 14	N. Africa & Europe
"ST-MARCOUF"	Nov. 17	Nov. 17	N. Africa & Europe
"TEI HO"	Nov. 17	Nov. 20	N. Africa & Europe
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Dec. 4	Dec. 5	N. Africa & Europe
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Dec. 15	Dec. 16	Marseilles via Manila
* For passenger and freight.			
† For freight to Saigon, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam.			
* Accepting cargo:			
- via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa Ports.			
- via Djibouti to Madagascar.			
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## "NOREVERETT"

Arrives Nov. 24 from Singapore.  
Sails Nov. 25 for Kobe & Yokohama.

## "REBEVERETT"

Arrives Dec. 9 from Manila.  
Sails Dec. 10 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment  
Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

## EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight—refrigerator—passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

## M. S. "STAR ALCYONE"

Loading Nov. 12  
Sails Nov. 13 for Bangkok, Colombo, Cebu, Kharramshahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

## M. S. "NORDSTJERNAN"

Arrives Nov. 21 from Japan.  
Sails Nov. 22 for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Kharramshahr, Basrah & Bahrain.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment  
Kobe/Fusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A  
Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.

Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

## Farmers Advised To Hold Cotton Off The Market

Lubbock, Nov. 11. Farmers were advised yesterday by a U. S. Representative to hold their cotton off the market instead of selling it at current prices.

"If farmers will join in a programme of keeping cotton off the market, and give it full co-operation, the cotton market will improve considerably," said Representative Thomas G. Abernethy (Democrat-Mississippi).

"Cotton is in good relation to supply," he continued. "We can't get hurt badly by the programme and we can profit greatly. Personally, I think it will work."

Rep. Abernethy is Chairman of a Cotton Subcommittee of the House Agriculture Committee. Cotton is selling currently at 31 to 32 cents a pound.

T. S. Oliver, New Deal, Texas, ginners, told the group he believed that many farmers sold cotton because they believed the market might drop badly after November 4.

Testimony that banks in Texas are doing everything possible to hold cotton off the market was given by Archie Scott, a Texas banker.

"The reason cotton is not going into the (Government) loan is because the banks don't have the personnel to do it," he said.

"When cotton is in the loan there is three times as much red tape," he added.

## NO CARRY-OVER

Similar opinions were expressed by Herman Miller, Chairman of the California State Production Marketing Administration.

John Dean, Deputy Director of the Production and Marketing Administration, testified that the

## Japan Paying Up

Stockholm, Nov. 11. Japan has shipped to Sweden 385 kilograms of gold, worth about 2,000,000 crowns, as part payment of compensation which Japan has agreed to pay for Swedish property seized during the war.—United Press.

## Many Indications Of Increasing Economic Stability: Sterling's Opportunity

Present international difficulties in trade exchanges have produced a group of pessimists as well as optimists, both of whom, paradoxically enough, may have to revise their views if existing trends and near-future situations are studied.

The idea that we are on the verge of a prolonged depression, similar in intensity and duration to the 1930's, is at variance with signs of increasing and increased economic stability in the leading countries. It is also at variance with the stimulus which the long-term rearmament programmes are giving to production, especially in the heavy and mechanical industries.

There is also the suggestion that the present phase of comparative stagnation, accompanied by balance of payments difficulties and failures to close the dollar gap, is due to a temporary but, perhaps, easily surmountable lack of balance between the demand for and the supply of goods.

Industrialisation is "gaining" ground in some countries which hitherto have been considered essentially agricultural.

Some of these countries are in the fortunate position of being able to supply from within their borders the raw materials for their own industrialisation. This changeover has resulted in a lack of exports of agricultural products with which to secure foreign currency necessary to complete the mechanical means of development.

Rural depopulation has followed and, accentuated, the difficulties in national and international economies. There has been an adverse reaction on shipping.

Growing improvement in the supply of goods in overseas countries at one time agricultural and in the war-devastated areas has lessened the need to import from those nations which, until recently, were their main suppliers.

Added to this is the growing emergence of Germany and Japan from industrial stagnation to active world competition. Again, there have come about cuts in imports and other economic obstacles preventing the free transfer of currency from one area to another.

The currency universally accepted today in the world's exchanges of goods is the dollar (the U.S. dollar paragon); the currency of a highly tariff-protected country. Time was when sterling was the leading world currency. There was then never any talk of a "sterling gap" or any suggestion that a "shortage of sterling" in a particular area or country was hampering the flow of world trade.

At that time Britain maintained free trade and provided a market in which the world's countries could dispose of their goods and services. Year in, year out, Britain sent out a flow of investments to the then under-developed countries, the United States as well as Australia, Canada and India.

Our trade was not merely bilateral in its daily reckoning; it was more than triangular upon which some countries today frown, it was multi-lateral, and sterling was the world's foremost medium for current international payments.

Above all, at that time, the Treasuries and the commerce departments were not cluttered with bureaucrats studying wall charts and barometers, and pointing with dithering fingers to "paper" changes, necessitating changes in Government and policies leading only to tangled snarls which are today the bane of free exchange in world trade.

Restriction, not expansion, of trade would seem to be these bureaucrats' sole stock-in-trade, as evidenced by the proceedings at the present session at Geneva of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (G.A.T.T.).

The present session of G.A.T.T. cannot resolve any worthwhile action because the member nations know that the meeting of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers in London this month is overshadowing their deliberations.

The agenda for that meeting has been prepared and submitted for consideration to the participating Commonwealth countries. Although details have not been published, it may well be that the agenda will include some general reference to Latin America and the possibilities of greater interchange of trade

## SPECIAL LINKS

At the outset the survey points out that Britain has special links with this important trading area which has a population of 150 million, ranging from 53 million in Brazil to 800,000 in Costa Rica and in Panama. These links are second only to those built Latin-American railways and public utilities. We were the chief carriers of its goods, and we provided the capital for economic development. Notwithstanding these ties of old commercial friendship there has been a steady deterioration in British trade with Latin America.

The area has a national income of \$150 per head, compared with \$1,400 in the United States and nearly \$900 in the United Kingdom. The population is of mixed national origins, chiefly from overseas. Such foreign residents, and their descendants, have an important influence on foreign trade. The foreign colonies from Europe and Asia are much greater than those from the United Kingdom and the United States. For instance, trade treaties recently concluded by Argentina and Brazil with Italy provide for the settlement of several thousands of Italian families in agriculture and in industry with joint government financial aid.

Sixteen per cent of Argentina's population is foreign-born, of whom 1,000,000 are Italians, 913,000 Spaniards, 124,000 Poles, and 200,000 Germans. Bolivia is at present negotiating for the immigration of 200,000 Germans, comprising industrial and agricultural workers. The object of this scheme is that the migrants will assist in the building of factories for consumer goods, the heavy machinery for which will be exported from Germany. Today there are more than 200,000 Japanese settled in Brazil as specialists in cotton and rice growing.

The United States, the United Kingdom and Germany are the chief exporters to Latin America. Last year the United States exported goods to the value of \$2,005 million, the United Kingdom \$457 million (January-June, 1952), exports were \$210.2 million, and Germany \$270 million. France exported \$270 million, Scandinavia \$280 million, the Benelux countries \$271 million, and Italy \$141 million.

The motor-car industry is a popular form of direct investment as an impetus to imports into some of the Latin American countries. The Italian Fiat Company is now building a plant in Mexico at a cost of \$24.7 million to produce 1,000 diesel trucks a year. In Brazil an Italian-Brazilian firm has been organised to produce motor-cycles and delivery vans. Another Italian firm is building a \$17 million plant to produce viscose threads with the aid of the Mexican Government and investors.

In Colombia the French Renault Company is to assemble motor-cars, and may add tractors to its production.

French manufacturers have established three chemical plants in Brazil to produce a synthetic textile yarn from local materials. In Peru, two French firms are co-operating with the Peruvian Government on a newspaper plant, which will use local timber resources. A \$10 million iron and steel plant is being erected in Peru by French interests after the Peruvians had failed to interest U.S. financing.

## IMPORTANT INFLUENCE

One of the most significant economic influences in Latin America during the Second World War was the impetus given to industrialisation by the closing, or limiting, of former sources of imports. While the great industrial powers were vying with one another for sales to Latin America there was little

London.

But Latin America has encountered major stumbling blocks on the road to industrialisation, most of which have been caused by shortages. There is a shortage of electric power facilities, with consumption already reaching levels that the planners had set for 1950. There is a shortage of road and rail transport, of investment capital and, above all, a shortage of skilled and experienced workers in relation to the people as a whole.

Brazil and Argentina are facing the dilemma of how to industrialise, using money, resources and manpower, without reducing the exports of commodities that provide these nations with their livelihood. The dilemma is especially acute in Argentina, which has tried to forge ahead too rapidly and suffered from losing its position as one of the world's greatest agricultural nations without gaining comparable advantages for its economy.

MAIN CONCLUSIONS

All these factors may be considered the premises set out in the survey of the Credit Insurance Association leading up to the conclusions it reaches.

Some of the most important are:—

(a) There is a rich future in the market. Britain is losing ground in the face of fierce competition from the United States, Germany and other European countries.

(b) Government and industry must do some hard thinking and decide on their future policy, to decide whether to maintain our position or abandon it to others.

(c) Our balance of payments position does not permit us to make large-scale investment nor grant lavish measures of credit. Wherever possible we must sell in markets for prompt cash.

(d) Britain's position in the Commonwealth has to be considered when rearmament gives way to the Colombo Plan and other measures. Latin America and the Commonwealth clash in that both are in the process of development and require the same types of goods from us, and both would require financing by Britain to ensure the latter's exports being attained.

RIVALETTI METHODS

(e) A detailed study of American and German methods might show many ways in which industry's salesmanship could be helped by more positive aid.

(f) More attention should be paid to trade treaties and barter deals as used by our competitors as a means of developing their sales. Britain's negotiations have not been firm enough to exact the same concessions as our competitors.

(g) Credit insurance cover by the Export Credit Guarantee Department should be reviewed by those firms which are not already using these facilities.

(h) Lack of energy on the part of Britain's salesmen and lack of attention to details are not accepted as reasons for failure to invade the Latin American markets more penetratingly. British industry has made great post-war progress in the face of severe handicaps and fierce competition.

(i) In spite of our economic difficulties we should take the long view; we must consider Latin America not only in terms of 1953 but also of 1963.—Liverpool Journal of Commerce.

## Mission To Japan

Tokyo, Nov. 11. Seven Thai experts who will inspect Japanese industrial activities arrived here today for a fortnight's stay. Among the group were Maj.-Gen. Banayap Gephaphin, Home Affairs Minister, and Lt.-Gen. Luang Sunbun Witvat, Agriculture-Forestry Minister.—Associated Press.

## ROYAL INTER-OCEANIC LINES

SAILINGS	To
"JIPANAS" Nov. 13 Japan	
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Nov. 13 Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa & S. America	
"TILUWAI" Nov. 16 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TROLDEN" Nov. 20 Japan	
"VAN HEUTS" Nov. 23 Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TIJWANGI" Dec. 2 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TARMAN" Dec. 8 Singapore, Penang & Delawan Dell, Macassar	
"TIPANAS" Dec. 9 Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa	
"TROLDEN" Dec. 9 Singapore, E. & S. Africa	
"STRAAT SOENDA" Dec. 10 Singapore, E. & S. Africa	
"TIPANAS" Dec. 13 Japan	
"TILUWAI" Dec. 16 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"RUYS" Dec. 20 Japan	
"TIJWANGI" Dec. 23 Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"BOISSEVAIN" Dec. 28 Japan	
"TARMAN" Dec. 28 Japan	
"TIJWANGI" Jan. 2 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TIPANAS" Jan. 7 Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"RUYS" Jan. 8 Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa	
"VAN HEUTS" Jan. 10 Singapore, E. & S. Africa	
"TILUWAI" Jan. 16 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TIPANAS" Jan. 16 Japan	
"TIJWANGI" Feb. 2 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Feb. 3 Japan	
"TILUWAI" Feb. 9 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	
"TIJWANGI" Feb. 11 Manila, Singapore & S. Africa	
"TILUWAI" Feb. 16 Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	

ARRIVALS	From
"TILUWAI" In Port Macassar, Surabaya, Djakarta & Singapore	
"TIPANAS" Nov. 14 E. & S. Africa, Mauritius, Singapore & Djakarta	
"STRAAT MALAKKA" Nov. 14 Japan	
"RUYS" Nov. 17 Japan	

CHINESE AGENTS: 82 CONNAUGHT RD. C. TELS. 31196, 25133



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*M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	Nov. 18
M.S. "LEISE MAERSK"	Dec. 2
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Dec. 16

\* Calling Vancouver

## ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Nov. 18
M.S. "JEPPSEN MAERSK"	Dec. 1
M.S. "OLGA MAERSK"	Dec. 17

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## HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$408,427.60. Noon prices and the morning's quotations:—

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
BANKS			
HSK Bank	1410		
East Asia	150	50 @ 150	

INSURANCES	
Canton	225
Union	777
HSK Fire	133 140

SHIPPING	
Waterloo	12
Asia Nav.	140

DOCKS, ETC.	
Wharf	670
Dock	215 200 @ 21.60
Provident	12.60 12.60 2000 @ 1.90
Shai Dock	1.90
Wharfedale	51 51 1200 @ 1
Hongkong	214 1000 @ 214

LAND, ETC.	
HSK Hotel	015 0.00 1000 @ 015
HSK Land (C) 5041	500 @ 5041
	500 @ 57

UTILITIES	
Shai Land	1.30 2000 @ 1.30
Humphreys	12.20

TRAM	
Star Ferry	110
C. Light (C) 0.30	9.00 0.000 @ 9.70
Electric	2.80 2.80 500 @ 2.80
Macao Elect.	10.00 1900 @ 10.00
Telephone	17.30 1715 200 @ 17.30

INDUSTRIALS	
Cement	15.12 20
Rope	10.90 1000 @ 30

STOCKS, ETC.	
HSK	10.20
Witson	25.10 500 @ 25.10
Sincere	2.85 257 @ 2.85
COTTONS	
Ewo	214 2.30 8000 @ 2.30
MISCELLANEOUS	
Yangtze	8.40 0.000 @ 8.40

Exchange Rates	
Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:—	
U.S. Dollar (per 100)	6.003
Sterling note (per 100)	15.20
Indonesian rupiah (per 100)	27.20
Siam baht (per 100)	31.00
Singapore (Straits)	15.20
FIC piastres (per 100)	11.275

## JAPANESE BONDS

Japanese bonds	
"A" (4% of 1890)	80
"B" (4% of 1910)	74 1/2
"C" (5% of 1907)	135
"D" (5% of 1934)	101 1/2
"E" (6 1/2% of 1930)	150
Consols	60-3/16
	—United Press.

## LONDON TIN MARKET

London, Nov. 11. The tin market was steady this morning. Turnover was 40 tons including 20 tons for cash. Prices closed at the end of the official morning session as follows:—

Spot tin buyers	
Spot tin buyers	93 1/2
Business done at	93 1/2-95
Three-month tin, buyers	93 1/2
Three-month tin, sellers	93 1/2
Business done at	93 1/2
Settlement	93 1/2
	—United Press.



